

## 심근경색의 위험인자로서 Thrombomodulin 유전자변이의 의의

박현영<sup>1</sup> · 김영미<sup>1</sup> · 권혁문<sup>2</sup> · 지선하<sup>3</sup> · 조승연<sup>2</sup> · 정남식<sup>2</sup> · 심원흠<sup>2</sup> · 장양수<sup>2</sup>

## Genetic Variants of Thrombomodulin Gene as Risk Factors for Myocardial Infarction

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## ABSTRACT

Thrombomodulin (TM) is thrombin receptor present on the luminal surface of endothelial cells. Because the thrombin-TM complex acts as an anticoagulant, the functional variants or deficiency of TM may lead to increment of thrombotic tendency. In this study, we screened the genetic variants of the TM gene in patients with myocardial infarction (MI) and analyzed the genotype to elucidate the effects of genetic variations of TM gene on the development of the MI. We screened a promoter region and coding sequence of the TM gene using single strand conformation polymorphism-heteroduplex analysis and identified three common genetic variants; those were TM G-33A, TM Ala455Val, and TM C1922T. The genotype frequencies were investigated in the patients with MI (n = 234) and control subjects (n = 291) by the method of allele-specific oligomer hybridization. The frequencies of mutant genotypes (TM -33A, TM 455Val, and TM 1922T) were higher in patient group compared to the control subjects in males while there were no significant differences in females. In the multiple logistic regression analysis, TM 455Val and TM 1922T alleles were independent risk factors for MI (OR [95% CI; 1.799 [1.125 -2.878] p = 0.014 and 5.624 [1.019 -31.025], p = 0.048, respectively] in males. However, the genetic variations were not independent risk factors for MI in females. There were significant linkage disequilibriums among three genetic variants. These linkage disequilibriums explain the similar effects of three genetic variants on the development of MI. To investigate the effect of the TM G-33A mutation on TM promoter activity, the two TM promoter constructs (pTM-355 and pTM-125, bearing TM -33G or TM -33A) containing of firefly luciferase gene were transfected into HepG2, BAE, and CHO cells. The promoter activities were higher in the promoter constructs with TM -33G compared to the constructs with TM -33A in pTM-355. These results suggest the possibility of the positive predisposing effect of TM -33A allele on MI in males. The functional study for TM Ala455Val and TM C1922T should be followed to elucidate the genotype effects of these mutations on the development of MI. In this study, we identified three genetic variants of TM gene and showed the significant associations between genetic variants and MI in males. These results proposed that TM gene is an attractive candidate for genetic risk factor for MI in Koreans. (Korean Circulation J 2000;30(6):702-715)

**KEY WORDS :** Thrombomodulin · Gene · Polymorphism · Myocardial infarction.

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가

서 론

TM

6 EGF - like domain Ala Val  
18% (al -

가 (colla - lele) ,<sup>23)</sup>

teral circulation)

가

Val 가

<sup>1)2)</sup> 가

<sup>3 - 5)</sup> 가

<sup>24)</sup> 가

<sup>25)</sup> TM

가

가

가

GG - 9/ - 10AT, G - 33A, C - 133A

20

가 . Protein

C protein S , protein C - 10AT

가

<sup>6)7)</sup> 가

가 <sup>25)</sup>

, plasminogen activator inhibitor(PAI) - 1

가 가

<sup>8 - 10)</sup>

TM

single - strand conformation polymorphism  
(SSCP) - heteroduplex

TM

<sup>11)12)</sup>

Thrombomodulin(TM)

1 : 1 protein , TM 가

C <sup>13)</sup> protein C

Va VIIIa <sup>14)</sup>

, TM

가

<sup>15)16)</sup> TM 20

(intron)

epidermal growth factor type repeats(EGF - like domain) <sup>17)</sup> TM TM

Asp468Tyr, Pro483Leu, Gly61Ala, Ala25Thr

가 <sup>18 - 21)</sup>

대 상

234 291

1997 1998

Q 가

(CK - MB)가

50% 가 (Takara Co, Otsu, Japan) [  $\gamma$ - $^{32}$ P]ATP (end - labeling)

114 20  $\mu$ l DNA 50 ng Taq polymerase 0.4 units(Ampli - Taq Gold<sup>TM</sup>, Roche Molecular System, Inc., Branchburg, New Jersey, USA), sense primer antisenes primer 10 pmol, 1.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.0625 mM dNTP (50 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris - HCl(pH 8.3))

방 법

DNA 7 ml EDTA가 가 95 10 가 (denaturation) , 94 1 , 55 65 (annealing), 72 1 (extension) 35 , 72 5 (Table 3).

SSCP - heteroduplex analysis (stop solution ; 95% formamide containing 20 mmol/L EDTA, 0.05% xylene cyanol) 가 94 5 heteroduplex (primer) 10 , 0.5% Mutation Detection Enhancement(MDE) gel(FMC BioProducts Co., Rockland, Maine, USA) 5W 15 25 gel phosphor - imaging plate reader(Bio - imaging ana - lyser system 2500<sup>®</sup>, Fuji Film Co., Tokyo, Japan) 가

TM Jackman TM (Table 2).<sup>17)</sup>

48 polymerase chain reaction(PCR) T4 polynucleotide kinase 가

**Table 1** . Characteristics of study population

	Male		Female	
	MI (191)	Control (174)	MI (43)	Control (117)
Age (years)	57.0 $\pm$ 10.9*	47.3 $\pm$ 11.2	65.6 $\pm$ 8.7*	48.2 $\pm$ 12.1
Smoking (%)	63.4	62.1	9.3	2.6
Diabetes (%)	21.5*	5.7	32.6*	2.6
Hypertension (%)	40.8*	28.7	48.8*	25.6
BMI (Kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	24.4 $\pm$ 2.7*	23.7 $\pm$ 2.7	24.6 $\pm$ 4.2*	23.2 $\pm$ 3.3
TC (mg/dL)	193.4 $\pm$ 38.8	189.3 $\pm$ 36.5	196.8 $\pm$ 48.7	192.7 $\pm$ 38.4
TG (mg/dL)	149.2 $\pm$ 76.9	143.0 $\pm$ 81.0	121.6 $\pm$ 63.8	131.7 $\pm$ 83.9
HDL-C (mg/dL)	32.3 $\pm$ 11.1	40.9 $\pm$ 10.9	41.1 $\pm$ 12.7	43.5 $\pm$ 10.5

MI : patients with myocardial infarction, Control : control subjects, BMI : body mass index, TC : total cholesterol, TG : triglyceride, HDL-C : high density lipoprotein-cholesterol

The number in parenthesis represents the number of subjects.

\* : p<0.05 MI vs. Control by t-test or  $\chi^2$ -test.

**Table 2.** Oligonucleotide primers in the PCR amplification of the TM gene

Primer name	Nucleotide no*	Oligonucleotide sequence
TM-1S	- 306 - 287	5 -GAT GAA AGA GGG CTG CAC GC-3
TM-1AS	- 146 - 163	5 -CAT GGG ATC ACC TCG CCG-3
TM-2S	- 187 - 167	5 -CGC CAG GGC AGG GTT TAC TCA-3
TM-2AS	- 28 - 46	5 -GTG CCC GGC CCT CCC TCC C-3
TM-3S	- 64 - 48	5 -CCT TTT CCC GAA CGT CC-3
TM-3AS	56 72	5 -GCC TCT CCT GTC CGT CC-3
TM-4S	29 47	5 -CGC GCA CGG CAA GAA GTG T-3
TM-4AS	188 170	5 -AGG ACC AGG ACC CCA AGC A-3
TM-5S	161 182	5 -TGG GTA ACA TGC TTG GGG TCC T-3
TM-5AS	405 384	5 -GCC GTC GCC GTT CAG TAG CAA G-3
TM-6S	364 382	5 -GTG GCT GCC GAT GTC ATT T-3
TM-6AS	556 538	5 -CCC CAT TGA GGT CGA GCC G-3
TM-7S	500 522	5 -TTA CGG GAG ACA ACA ACA CCA GC-3
TM-7AS	745 725	5 -AGG TGA TCG AGA CGG CGG CAG-3
TM-8S	634 652	5 -CAG CAG TGC GAA GTG AAG G-3
TM-8AS	871 854	5 -AGT GCC CCT GGA CCG CTC-3
TM-9S	833 854	5 -TAA TGT GCA CCG CGC CGC CCG-3
TM-9AS	1077 1058	5 -CGG CTG GTC GGG GTT GGG AA-3
TM-10S	992 1011	5 -CAG ACG GGC GCT CCT GCA CC-3
TM-10AS	1270 1249	5 -GGT CCA CGG GCT CCA CAC ACT-3
TM-11S	1214 1236	5 -GCC ACT GCT ACC CTA ACT ACG AC-3
TM-11AS	1373 1356	5 -TGC GGC TCG TGG GGA ATG-3
TM-12S	1319 1339	5 -CTA GCT ACC TCT GCG TCT GCG-3
TM-12AS	1567 1549	5 -CGC AGA TGC ACT CGA AGG T-3
TM-13S	1517 1533	5 -TCT GCT CCG GGG TGT GC-3
TM-13AS	1717 1701	5 -AGC CCG AAT GCA CGA GC-3
TM-14S	1672 1692	5 -GGC TCC ACC TTG ACT CCT CCG-3
TM-14AS	1835 1816	5 -GCC GCG CAC TTG TAC TCC AT-3
TM-15S	1750 1769	5 -CTG GTG GTG GCG CTT TTG GC-3
TM-15AS	1957 1936	5 -CAA AGC TGG GGG TGA GGA GGC A-3

\*Nucleotide number is destinated from the transcriptional start point.

TM : thrombomodulin, S : sense oligonucleotide, AS : antisense oligonucleotide

T - vector(Promega Co., Madison, Wisconsin, USA)  
(cloning) T7 SP6

SSCP - heteroduplex

가

homozygote가

ABI prism 310(PE Corp.,

Norwalk, Connecticut, USA)

allele - specific oligomer(ASO)  
(hybridiza -  
tion) <sup>26)</sup> ASO

oligomer

(Table 4).

200  $\mu$ l 0.4 N NaOH 2 (7% PEG, 10% SDS, 60 mM NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>)  
 (Hybond - N+, Amersham, UK) . DNA가  
 , 2  $\times$  SSC(0.3M 6 , 2  $\times$   
 NaCl, 0.03M trisodium citrate) 2 SSC/0.1% SDS 2 ,  
 UV DNA . ASO 10  
 ASO T4 polynucleotide kinase(Takara Co, Otsu, imaging plate 3  
 Japan) [ - <sup>32</sup>P]ATP (Fig. 1).

**Table 3.** Conditions for PCR Amplification of the TM gene

Primers	Sizes of PCR product (base pair)	Annealing temperature ( )	Addendum
TM-1S/TM-1AS	161	65	
TM-2S/TM2AS	160	65	
TM-3S/TM-3AS	136	60	
TM-4S/TM-4AS	160	65	
TM-5S/TM-5AS	245	55	1M Betaine
TM-6S/TM-6AS	193	55	1M Betaine
TM-7S/TM-7AS	246	65	
TM-8S/TM8-AS	238	55	1M Betaine
TM-9S/TM-8AS	245	55	1M Betaine
TM-10S/TM-10AS	279	65	
TM-11S/TM-11AS	160	65	
TM-12S/TM-12AS	249	65	
TM-13S/TM-13AS	201	60	
TM-14S/TM-14AS	164	65	
TM-15S/TM-15AS	208	65	

The thermal profile included 10 minutes of denaturation at 95 , 35 cycles containing of denaturation for 1 minute at 94 , annealing for 1 min at indicated temperature and extension for 1 minute at 72 , followed by 5 minutes of final extension at 72 .

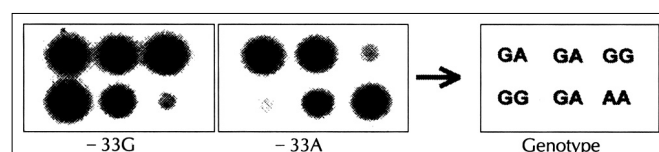
TM promoter luciferase construct

TM 가  
 luciferase 가  
 (PicaGene) .  
 Bgl  
 (pTM - 355S ; 5' - CGAGATCT -  
 TTGGAAGTGGCTGTAAACATGTAT - 3' , pTM -  
 125S ; 5' -GCGAGATCTCGGCCAGAGAACCCA -  
 GCAAT - 3' , pTM - AS ; 5' - TCAGATCTCCGT -  
 CCCAGCCCAGACACTTC - 3' )  
 - 355 64 - 125 64 PCR  
 Bgl  
 37 6 QIAEXII gel  
 extraction kit(QIAGEN Inc., CA, USA)  
 (ligation)  
 calf intestinal alkaline phosphatase(Takara Co, Otsu,

**Table 4.** A list of the allele-specific oligonucleotides, and hybridization and washing conditions for genotyping

Position	Allele-specific oligonucleotides	Hybridization	Washing condition
TM G-33A	G : 5 -TAAGTGCCCGGCCCTC-3 A : 5 -GAGGGCCAGGCACTTA-3	45	G : 2 $\times$ SSC/0.2% SDS 60 A : 2 $\times$ SSC/0.2% SDS 60
TM Ala455Val	Ala : 5 -GCCCTTGCCCGCCACA-3 Val : 5 -TGTGGCGGACAAGGGC-3	45	Ala : 2 $\times$ SSC/0.2% SDS 60 Val : 2 $\times$ SSC/0.2% SDS 60
TM C1922T	C : 5 -CCTGGCTCCGTCC-3 T : 5 -CCTGGCTTCGTCC-3	35	C : 2 $\times$ SSC/0.2% SDS 45 T : 2 $\times$ SSC/0.2% SDS 43

TM : thrombomodulin. Underlines indicate polymorphic nucleotides.



**Fig. 1.** Identification of the genotype by the allele-specific oligomer (ASO) hybridization of G-33A. The hot spot means the presence of the complement sequence to labeled ASO. The genotype was determined by the presence of the hot spots on the hybridized membrane.

Japan) 50 60  
 ng T4 ligase(Takara Co, Otsu, Japan) 16  
 TM promoter  
 luciferase construct(pTM - 355, pTM - 125)  
 . TM promoter luciferase construct  
 (Escherichia coli XL - 1 blue cells) heat - shock  
 (transformation) , LB  
 37  
*Bgl*  
 가

Luciferase  
 Transfection 48 PBS  
 2 , Reporter lysis buffer(Promega  
 Co., Madison, Wisconsin, USA) 100  $\mu$ l well  
 2  
 1.5 ml tube 15  
 12,000 g 15  
 20  $\mu$ l luciferase assay reagent  
 (Promega Co., Madison, Wisconsin, USA) 100  $\mu$ l  
 MicroLumat LB96P(EG & G Berthold,  
 Wildbad, Germany) luciferase

가

Ha -  
 rdy - Weinberg Equation  
 EH program  
 maximum likelihood estimation  
 .<sup>27 - 29)</sup>  
 (haplotype)  
 ( $D'$ )  
 $D_{max}$   $D_{min}$   
 ( | D | ) . TM  
 chi - square test  
 ,  
 student t - test,  
 SAS<sup>®</sup> System for  
 ANOVA .  
 Windows release 6.12  
 p value 0.05

결 과

TM 유전자변이  
 TM  
 - 33, 1586, , 1922  
 (point mutation)가 (Fig. 2). 5'  
 C1586T(Ala455Val) 가 TM G - 33A TM  
 , 3' TM C1922T

Transfection  
 HepG2 , Chinese hamster ovary(CHO)  
 (bovine aortic endothelial cell,  
 BAE) TM promoter luciferase  
 construct transfection luciferase  
 G - 33A  
 . Transfection 6  
 well plate well  $10^6$   
 37 5% CO<sub>2</sub>/95% air  
 80% semiconfluent . TM  
 promoter luciferase construct 0.8  $\mu$ g  
 CMV promoter 가 - gal - actosidase construct  
 0.2  $\mu$ g 가 100  $\mu$ l  
 , PLUS Reagent(Life Technologies, Inc,  
 Rockville, Maryland, USA) 6  $\mu$ l 가  
 15 . LipofectAMINE Rea -  
 gent(Life Technologies, Inc, Rockville, Maryland,  
 USA) 4  $\mu$ l가 100  $\mu$ l  
 15 semiconfluent  
 transfection . Transfection PBS  
 2  
 800  $\mu$ l TM promoter  
 luciferase construct LipofectAMINE PLUS Re -  
 agent가 200  $\mu$ l 가 4  
 , 4 1 ml  
 가 48

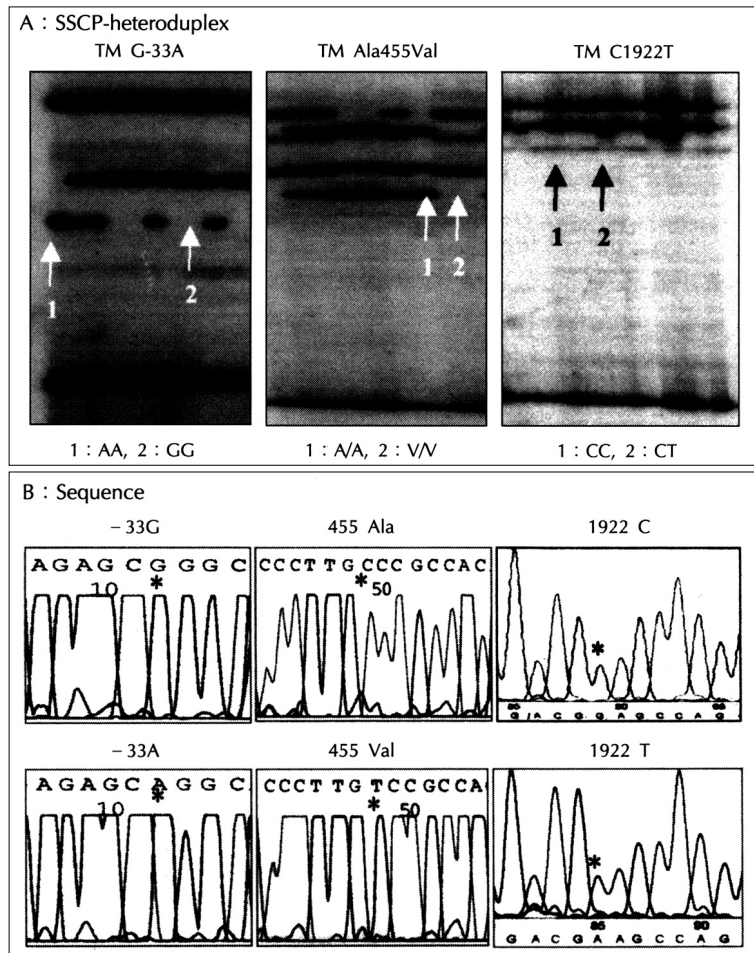


Fig. 2. Mutation detection by SSCP-heteroduplex(A) and sequencing data (B) of the mutations on the TM gene. The asterisk indicates the mutation site.

TM 유전자변이의 유전형 분포

TM 유전자변이의 심근경색발생에서의 상대위험도

Hardy -

가

Weinberg equation

Table 5

TM - 33A      가

가 1.38(95% CI : 1.05 1.82, p=0.023)

, TM 455Val      가

1.28(95% CI : 1.03 1.59, p=0.021)

TM 1922T      가      2.06

(95% CI : 0.95 4.47, p=0.067)

Val      가      TM Ala455Val      TM 455

가

TM - 33A      가

가

가 1.17(95% CI : 0.76

1.80, p=0.453), TM 455Val      가

0.88(95% CI : 0.61 1.25 p=0.468),

가      가

, TM 1922T      가

1.92 (95% CI : 0.97 ~ 3.81, p=0.059) . - 33A 가 (  $\chi^2=3.82$ , p=0.05). TM

TM 유전자변이와 심근경색증의 위험요인과의 관계 - 33A 가 HDL TM  
TM 가 (t=2.03, p=0.04).

Table 6, Table

7 . TM G-33A TM 가 .

- 33A 가 (BMI)가

가 (t=2.21, p=0.03), HDL TM 유전자변이의 심근경색발생 위험인자로써의 의의

TM - 33A 가 TM

(t=2.78, p=0.01). TM 가

**Table 5.** Genotype and allele frequencies in patients with MI and in control subjects

		Genotype frequency		Allele frequency	
Male					
TM G-33A		GG	AG+AA	G	A
	MI (191)	0.775	0.225*	0.882	0.118
	Control (174)	0.868	0.132	0.923	0.077
TM Ala455Val		A/A	A/V+V/V	A	V
	MI (191)	0.560	0.440*	0.754	0.246*
	Control (174)	0.678	0.322	0.822	0.178
TM C1922T		CC	CT+TT	C	T
	MI (191)	0.953	0.047*	0.977	0.023
	Control (174)	0.989	0.011	0.994	0.006
Female					
TM G-33A		GG	AG+AA	G	A
	MI (43)	0.767	0.233	0.872	0.128
	Control (117)	0.821	0.179	0.902	0.098
TM Ala455Val		A/A	A/V+V/V	A	V
	MI (43)	0.628	0.372	0.767	0.233
	Control (117)	0.564	0.436	0.761	0.239
TM C1922T		CC	CT+TT	C	T
	MI (43)	0.884	0.116	0.942	0.058
	Control (117)	0.966	0.034	0.983	0.017

\* : p<0.05 MI vs. Control by  $\chi^2$ -test.

**Table 6.** The distributions of non-parametric risk factors for MI according to TM genotype

	TM G-33A		2	TM Ala455Val		2	TM C1922T		2
	GG	AG+AA		A/A	A/V+V/V		CC	CT+TT	
Male									
Smoking (%)	63.6	59.1	0.46	60.9	65.7	0.86	63.6	36.4	3.38
Diabetes (%)	13.0	18.2	1.19	13.3	15.0	0.20	14.1	9.1	0.23
Hypertension (%)	32.8	45.5	3.82	33.3	37.9	0.78	34.8	45.5	0.54
Female									
Smoking (%)	4.6	3.2	0.12	4.3	4.5	0.00	4.64	0	0.44
Diabetes (%)	11.6	6.5	0.71	11.8	9.0	0.33	10.6	11.1	0.00
Hypertension (%)	31.0	35.5	0.23	33.3	29.9	0.22	31.8	33.3	0.01



**Table 7.** The distributions of parametric risk factors for MI according to TM genotype

	TM G-33A		†	TM Ala455Val		†	TM C1922T		†
	GG	AG+AA		A/A	A/V+V/V		CC	CT+TT	
Male									
Age (years)	51.9±12.0	54.0±12.6	1.30	51.9±12.2	52.8±12.0	0.69	52.2±12.6	55.6±15.1	0.93
BMI (Kg/m²)	23.9± 2.7	24.7± 2.4	2.21*	23.9± 2.8	24.1± 2.5	0.59	24.0± 2.7	24.4± 2.3	0.41
TC (mg/dL)	190.3±37.4	196.4±39.2	1.17	191.8±38.3	190.8±36.8	0.25	190.8±37.8	211.5±27.6	1.79
TG (mg/dL)	145.5±79.2	149.3±78.0	0.34	145.9±82.6	146.8±73.0	0.10	144.8±77.9	191.5±98.3	1.94
HDL-C (mg/dL)	40.9±11.1	36.7±10.1	2.78*	40.5±10.6	39.5±11.7	0.84	40.2±11.1	36.0± 8.9	1.24
Female									
Age (years)	52.8±13.5	53.3±14.8	0.18	54.1±13.4	51.2±14.0	1.32	52.6±13.8	58.0±10.8	1.15
BMI (Kg/m²)	23.4± 3.4	24.3± 4.2	1.25	23.4± 3.2	23.7± 3.9	0.59	23.4± 3.5	25.5± 4.4	1.62
TC (mg/dL)	191.2±40.3	205.0±44.1	1.66	193.2±40.9	194.6±42.0	0.20	193.6±42.0	197.6±21.8	0.27
TG (mg/dL)	130.4±81.2	123.7±70.0	0.41	133.4±84.3	123.0±71.2	0.81	129.6±80.0	119.8±62.6	0.34
HDL-C (mg/dL)	42.0±10.6	46.5±12.9	2.03*	41.8±10.1	44.3±12.4	1.37	42.8±11.0	44.5±20.0	0.24

BMI : body mass index, TC : total cholesterol, TG : triglyceride, HDL-C : high density lipoprotein-cholesterol

\* : p<0.05

(covariate)

40 65 5

가

TM G - 33A

TM - 33A

(Odds ratio)

1.784(95%

CI : 0.953 3.341, p=0.070),

1.589(95%

CI : 0.525 4.811, p=0.413)

가

(Table 8).

**Table 8.** Multiple logistic regression analysis of TM -33A and risk factors for MI

	Odds ratio	Wald	p value	95% CI
Male				
Age	1.550	44.217	0.0001	1.362 to 1.764
BMI	1.119	5.763	0.016	1.021 to 1.226
Hypertension	1.014	0.003	0.956	0.608 to 1.693
TM - 33A	1.784	3.276	0.070	0.953 to 3.341
Female				
Age	2.371	32.079	0.0001	1.759 to 3.197
TM - 33A	1.589	0.671	0.4130	0.525 to 4.811

BMI : body mass index, CI : confidence interval

3.449(95% CI : 0.589 20.188, p=0.170)

가

(Table 10).

각 대립유전자간의 연관관계

(linkage disequilibrium)

TM Ala455Val (coefficient of linkage disequilibrium, |D|) 0.972( <sup>2</sup>=178.2, p<0.05)

, TM G - 33A TM C1922T

0.941( <sup>2</sup>=523.5, p<0.05), TM Ala455 Val

TM C1922T 0.921( <sup>2</sup>=362.4,

p<0.05) . ferase 가 , promoter enhancer region TM - 125 construct (Fig. 3).

가 TM G - 33A 고 찰 가 TM promoter luciferase construct TM TM HepG2, CHO, , BAE transfection lu - ciferase , promoter enhancer region pTM - 355 construct TM - 33G TM - 33A luci -

**Table 9.** Multiple logistic regression analysis of TM 455Val and risk factors for MI

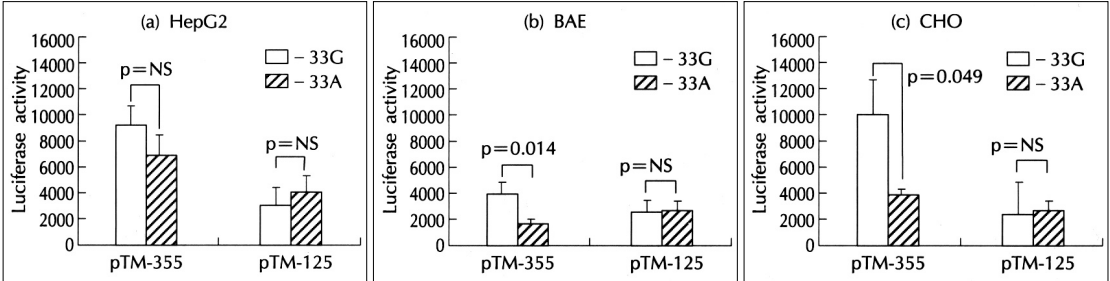
	Odds ratio	Wald	p value	95% CI
Male				
Age	1.570	53.437	0.0001	1.391 to 1.771
TM 455Val	1.799	6.005	0.0143	1.125 to 2.878
Female				
Age	2.368	31.892	0.0001	1.756 to 3.193
TM 455Val	0.957	0.010	0.9920	0.393 to 2.330

CI : confidence interval

**Table 10.** Multiple logistic regression analysis of TM 1922T and risk factors for MI

	Odds ratio	Wald	p value	95% CI
Male				
Age	1.703	91.195	0.0001	1.527 to 1.900
Smoking	4.468	38.041	0.0001	2.777 to 7.190
TM 1922T	5.624	3.929	0.0475	1.019 to 31.025
Female				
Age	2.375	31.242	0.0001	1.754 to 3.216
TM 1922T	3.449	1.886	0.1700	0.589 to 20.188

CI : confidence interval



**Fig. 3.** Luciferase activities of two TM promoter constructs, pTM-355 and pTM-125, in HepG2, BAE, and CHO cells. The firefly luciferase activities were corrected by the beta-galactosidase activities to control the differences of the transfection efficacy.

TM - 33A 가 가 가  
. 3'  
2% 가  
, 가  
stop codon 100 bp 가 TM  
TM  
TM  
GG - 9/ - 10 AT, C - 133A, Asp  
468Tyr, Pro483Leu, Ala25Thr  
가 ,  
Ireland 가 <sup>31)</sup>  
- 9/ - 10 TM 가  
100  
, TM - 33A TM 455Val  
가 , TM 1922T TM -  
<sup>25)</sup> SSCP 가 33A 가 TM  
PCR 가 TM Ala455Val TM 455Val  
70 94% , heteroduplex TM G - 33A ,  
SSCP DNA 가 GC TM - 33A TM C1922T 가  
가  
가  
Norlund  
TM 455Val  
가 , Norlund  
TM 455Val 가  
<sup>24)</sup> TM Ala  
455Val 가 TM  
TM - 33A, TM 455 Val  
가 1.38, 1.28 가  
가 1.17, 0.88 가  
G - 33A TM  
45Val , TM Ala  
가  
TM 455Val  
TM 1922T, , TM

- 33 promoter luciferase construct luciferase ,  
 TM - 33G TM - 33A .  
 promoter 가 DNA si -  
 . TM G - 33A ngle - strand conformation polymorphism - hetero -  
 - 22 - 26 TATA box 7 duplex  
 가 , <sup>32)</sup> TM ,  
 TNF - heat TM G - 33A, TM Ala455Val  
 shock . <sup>33)</sup> 가 , 3' TM C1922T  
 , TM - 33 , allele -  
 가 . TM specific oligomer  
 C1922T 5' 234 291 ( , 3' 114 ,  
 가 TM 177 ) 가  
 가 , TM Ala455Val  
 TM G - 33A TM Ala455Val , TM G - 33A  
 TM C1922T 가 .  
 ,  
 가 가 가 ,  
 가 가 가  
 TM 가 .  
 TM G - 33A, TM Ala455Val, TM C1922T TM 455Val  
 가 , TM 1922 T  
 ( OR[95% CI] =  
 1.799[1.125 - 2.878], p=0.014 OR[95% CI] =  
 5.624[1.019 - 31.025], p=0.048), TM - 33A  
 가 가  
 (OR[95% CI] = 1.784[0.953 -  
 3.341], p=0.07).  
 Thrombomodulin(TM) protein  
 C 가 .  
 , TM TM G - 33A  
 TM TM G - 33A TM  
 promoter luciferase construct , HepG2,  
 . TM 가 BAE, , CHO cell transfection luciferase  
 , TM TM - 33G  
 . TM - 33A  
 TM , 가 TM

G - 33A TM

TM 가  
가 가 ,  
3'  
가  
, TM

중심 단어 : Thrombomodulin

감사문

Korea  
1999

Boston Scientific,

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