

Edwards)가
 1960 Bailey, Vineberg
 . 1970
 가
 . 1987 Pym 2)
 (in situ graft or pedicled)
 Suma3), Carter4), Mills1), Lytle5)
 ,
 10
 2 , 5 96%
 92% 6)
 ,
 10

Table 1. Preoperative Patient Characteristics(n=11)

Male/Female	10/1 (90.9/9.1%)
Diabetes	4 (36.4%)
Hypertension	6 (54.5%)
Smoking	7 (63.6%)
Hypercholesterolemia	5 (45.5%)
Previous AMI	3 (27.3%)
Unstable angina	7 (63.6%)
CVA	2 (18.2%)
Previous Abdominal Surgery	1 (9.1%)
Coronary lesion	
Single	2 (18.2%)
Double	3 (27.3%)
Triple	5 (45.5%)
Left main	1 (9.1%)
NYHA	
II	2 (18.2%)
III	9 (81.8%)
Ejection Fraction	0.6±0.2 (0.2-0.8)

AMI; acute myocardial infarction, CVA; cerebrovascular accident

가 가 가 가 가
 가 가 가 가 가
 1. 가 가 가 가 가
 1998 9 1999 2 6
 11
 40 64 , 55.5±7.4 10 ,
 1 . 2
 , 3 , 5 , 가
 1
 가 3 (27.3%), 7 (63.6%) 가
 0.55±0.19 (0.21~0.79) . 1 가
 (idiopathic (pylorus)
 thrombocytopenic purpura) , 2 cm
 (Table 1).
 2. (spasm) papaverine 1 mg
 2~3 cc
 5 cm



Fig. 1. Postoperative Angiogram of Right Gastroepiploic Artery-distal right coronary anastomosis; Right Gastroepiploic Artery Dependent

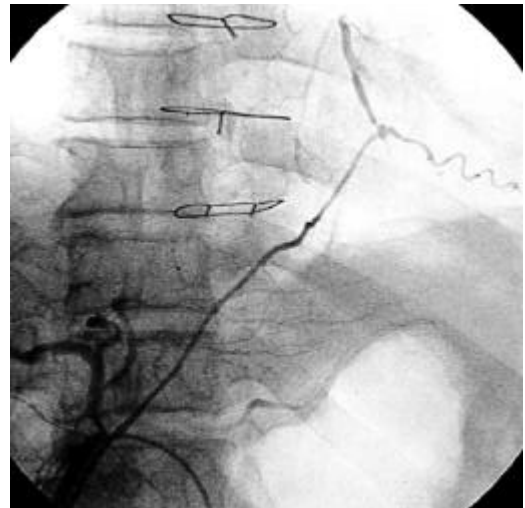


Fig. 2. Postoperative Angiogram of Right Gastroepiploic Artery-left circumflex artery; Right Gastroepiploic Artery Dependent

(anterior route), (posterior route),
 가 . 9
 가 (anterior route)
 1
 (crossed route)
 7-0 polypropylene
 (recipient coronary artery)
 (heel)가
 (antegrade fashion) (Fig. 1),
 (retrograde fashion)
 (Fig. 2).

Table 2. Sites of Gastroepiploic artery anastomoses

Site of anastomosis	No. of in situ GEA	No. of free GEA
mid RCA	1	—
Distal RCA	5	—
RPL branch	1	—
RPDA	1	—
Diagonal branch	—	1
Circumflex artery	2	—

RCA; right coronary artery, RPL; right posterolateral branch, RPDA; right posterior descending artery

3.
 11 10.6±5.05(7~21)
 1 cm
 가

4.
 Mann-Whitney test
 Fisher's exact test . p-value가 0.05
 (free graft) 10 , 1
 1 , 5 , 가
 1 , 가 1
 2 (Table 2).
 3.0±1.3

Table 3. Operative Data

No. of distal anastomoses	3.0 ± 1.3
Aortic cross clamp time(min)	105.3 ± 15.5
Cardiopulmonary bypass time(min)	146.3 ± 24.3
Operation time(min)	426.6 ± 102.9
Minimally invasive surgery	3 (27.3%)
Off Pump CABG	2 (18.2%)

CABG; Coronary artery bypass graft

Table 4. Postoperative complications

ventricular arrhythmia	1
renal failure *	1
superficial wound infection	1
gastric ulcer	1
reoperation for bleeding	2

* ; mild elevation of serum creatinine

Table 5. Angiographic results

F/U Angio graphy interval	10.6 ± 5.1 (day)
Patency	11/11 (100%)
RGEA dependent	6/11 (54.5%)
Native dependent	4/11 (36.4%)
free graft	1/11 (9.1%)

F/U; follow up

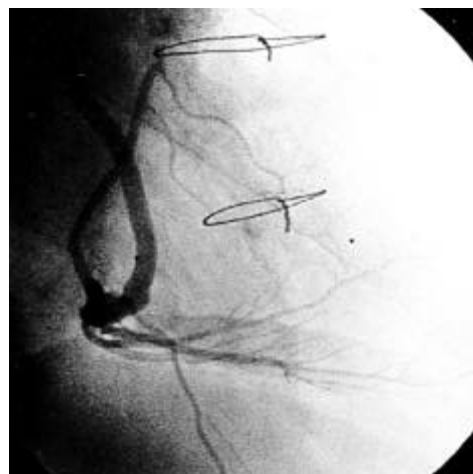


Fig. 3. Postoperative angiogram of right gastroepiploic artery-distal right coronary anastomosis.

Minimally invasive direct coronary bypass grafting was performed in a 53-year-old male, who had suffered from recurrent ventricular tachycardia with myocardial ischemia due to proximal right coronary artery stenosis (percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty was failed). Postoperatively, ventricular arrhythmia was recurred and aorto-coronary bypass with saphenous vein graft was performed. Postoperative angiography revealed patent but small right gastroepiploic artery.

105.33 ± 15.54 , 146.33 ± 24.25 ,
 426.63 ± 102.91 . 2

(Table 3).

1.

CK-MB가 225.6 μg/L

14.1 ± 4.4 , 13.1 ± 6.3
 2.4 ± 1.4 , 10.6
 1 5 . 11

. 2
 . 1
 . 1
 . 가
 53
 45% 80%
 2 가
 cordarone
 cordarone
 . Cordarone
 가

(Fig. 3)(Table 4).

Table 6. Comparison between the RGEA dependent group and native dependent group

	RGEA dependent (n=6)	Native dependent (n=4)	p-value
DM	3	1	ns
Hypertension	4	1	ns
Hypercholesterolemia	3	2	ns
Smoking	5	2	ns
Previous MI	0	3	0.033
Unstable angina	4	3	ns
CVA	1	1	ns
Ejection Fraction	0.55±0.27	0.50±0.11	ns
Stenosis of recipient coronary artery	90.0±20.0	82.5±17.1	ns
ACC time(minute)	104.2±13.3	98.7±14.6	ns
Cardiopulmonary Bypass Time(minute)	143.0±21.1	137.0±17.5	ns
Operation time(minute)	431.7±124.2	392.5±78.8	ns
Ventilator care(hour)	12.5±4.9	16.3±3.7	ns
ICU stay(day)	2.0±0.9	3.0±2.0	ns
Discharge(day)	9.2±2.2	17.3±7.3	ns
Diameter of RGEA(mm)	2.58±0.59	1.25±0.50	0.010
Diameter of recipient coronary artery(mm)	1.42±0.20	2.98±0.78	0.005
Ratio*	1.86±0.50	0.44±0.18	0.005

RGEA; right gastroepiploic artery, DM; diabetes mellitus, ns; not significant, MI; myocardial infarction, ICU; intensive care unit, CVA; cerebrovascular accident

* Ratio; Diameter of the RGEA/Diameter of the recipient coronary artery

10 4 (40%) 2.09±0.83 mm 1.95±0.94 mm 2.5 mm 2.5 mm 1 1 (p<0.05).
 dependent type) (RGEA dependent type) 1.5 mm 1.5 mm 1.5 mm가
 .7) (P=0.005).
 , , , , , , 가 1 (p=0.005)(Table
 가 . 6). 70% 80% 가 .
 , (p=0.033). 가
 , 가 .

5

(arterial conduit)

Vineberg가 1950
1960

. 1968 Favoloro가

가 . 1986 (LIMA)
(LAD)

1

cordarone

가

21

1970 Edwards)가

. 1987 Pym2

(in situ graft)

1 mm,

3.9 mm (Fig 3).

15~20 mmHg

가 90%

Suma3 , Carter4 , Mills1 , Lytle5

가 9 mmHg

1). , 80%

. Hayashi 8)

가

(flow

(443±81 : 405±114), reversal)

가

가

. Isomura 9)

7

(pyloric ring)

7)

가
Hemoclip

가

, Shepherd 10)

. Suma

가

papaverine

1

= =

: 가 1987 . : 1998 9 1999 2

가 11 (10, 1) 100% . 4 (36.4%)

. : 1.5 mm , 2.5 mm ,

가 1 (p<0.005). :

가 가

- : 1.
- 2.