

# 기능성 소화불량증

## Functional Dyspepsia

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146 - 92

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### Abstract

Functional dyspepsia (FD) is a complex disease reaction that occurs due to the presence of various factors, and its pathophysiology has not been clearly understood yet. FD is a diagnosis of exclusion after ruling out organic diseases. Therefore, the main treatments are limited to relieving symptoms through supportive care. The international prevalence of FD based on the Rome I criteria is approximately 25%. In Korea, there are very omnifarious symptoms in gastrointestinal disorders, and the medical vocabularies that describe the diagnostic standard are not closely associated with the daily vocabularies., Thus there would be a lot of restrictions in direct application of the Rome II criteria. However, the Korean Society of Gastrointestinal Motility had decided to promote the use of the international standardized Rome II criteria to be comparable to the clinical studies from other nations. There should be more extensive studies to differentiate the definitions of symptoms in Korea from those in other countries. The extended researches concerning the pathophysiology of FD are needed to find reliable treatment modalities for the disease.

**Keywords :** Functional dyspepsia; Rome II criterior;  
Visceral hypersensitivity; *Helicobacter pylori*;  
Prokinetic agents  
: ; II; ; *Helicobacter pylori*;

(organic)  
20  
,  
가  
가  
가  
가

1.

12	12
)	(
)	(

2.

(ulcer - like dyspepsia) 가 (dysmotility - like dyspepsia) 가 ( )	(Non - specific dyspepsia) 가
---	---------------------------------

가  
1988  
, 1999  
II가  
II  
가  
가  
II  
가  
II  
가  
가  
( ;  
)  
( ;

),  
II  
( 1).  
가  
가  
가  
가  
가  
가  
가  
가  
가  
가  
가

II 가 15.5% , 15.0%, 16.0% (1).

( 2).

가 .

가 , .

가 , . 72%

가 , 33.8%, 30.8% .

40.0% (1).

I II 3

II 가 . 207

가 가 68 (40.5%) 가 , 42 (25.0%)

43 (63.2%), 7 (4.2%), 18 (26.5%) 가

(2). 3

가

2.7~38% (3).

3

1,799

39%가 가 , 가  
89%가 . 가 가  
(4).

1.

, ,

가

(8).

가 .

(sensitiza-

tion)

3. (Inflammation)

30~50%

가 가

가

(5).

가

(9). 가

(6).

3 1

(10).

2. (Visceral Hypersensitivity)

4. (Brain - Gut Interaction)

(function-

al chest pain)

가 .

(7).

(11).

(mood), (central pain perception), PET, fMRI

5. (Brain - Gut Peptides) (5).

(5). 가 5 - hydroxytryptamine, enkephalin, substance P, calcitonin gene related polypeptide opioid

2 3 가 가 가 가 가 가

6. 가 (13). 가 가 가 40 가 가

(12). 가 (14, 15). 가

가 가

가 (13), . Delaney(23)  
3 2 45  
(13)가 , 45  
. 4 4  
*Helicobacter pylori*  
. McColl (16) *Helicobacter pylori*가 가  
가 , 가  
Blum (17) Talley (18) 가  
. 1999 Talley(19)  
  
*Helicobacter pylori* 1.  
(20). 1994 NIH 가  
“ *H. pylori*”  
*H. pylori*  
(21). *H. pylori* .  
1996 10 가  
9 *H. pylori* work- 가 .  
shop *H. pylori* ,  
NIH 가  
. Ofman (22) *H. pylori* . (placebo) 13~73%  
*H. pylori* 가  
(24).  
가  
가가 가  
. *H. pylori* .  
60% *H. pylori* , 가 가 가

1)

가 가 .  
가

가가 , H<sub>2</sub>

가 가

(25). 가 H<sub>2</sub>

. H<sub>2</sub>

proton pump inhibitor

(omeprazole, lansoprazole, pantoprazole )

20~30%

H<sub>2</sub> (6).

( , 2003)

(

가

가 ), 가

가

2 가 .

proton pump inhibitor가

가 .

가 .

가

가 2)

가 . Domperidone, mosapri-  
de, metoclopramide, levosulpiride, itopride, ery-  
thromycin

2.

가

Cisapride

QT

(limbic system)

가

prostaglandin analogues(Mi-  
soprostol), somatostatin analogues(Octreotide);  
cholecystokinin antagonists(Loxiglumide), nitric  
oxide가 glyceryl  
trinitrite nitric oxide releaser 가  
(26, 27).

serotonin reuptake inhibitor(fluoxetine, ser-  
traline, paroxetine) 가

가

(28) cisapride 4  
6 27%가  
가

4) :  
(1) 5 - hydroxytryptamine(5 - HT)  
5 - HT  
(serotonin)  
(enterochromaffin)

3)

5 - HT<sub>3</sub>  
(unmyelinated neuron)  
. 5 - HT 5 - HT<sub>3</sub> 가  
5 - HT<sub>3</sub>  
(granisetron)

가

(ondansetron)

(29).  
가  
(amtryptiline, imipramine, doxepine)  
serotonin norepinephrine reuptake

가 (30) 5 -  
HT<sub>3</sub>  
(31).

가 (32)



- (33). Tegaserod, alosetron, prucalopride  
 5-HT<sub>4</sub> 수용체 작용제 (agonist) 가  
 (2) (Opioid Substance) II  
 , ,  
 ,  
 가  
 μ , 가  
 가 (37).  
 가  
 가 (treatment on demand)
- (34).  
 (3) (CCK Antagonist) 가  
 가
- (35). - B 가 II  
 - A 가
- (36). 가  
 (4) (Somatostatin Analogues) 가  
 가



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