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Adenovirus-Mediated Therapeutic Gene Transfer: Matrix Synthesis of Human Intervertebral Disc Cells

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– Abstract –

Study Design : In vitro experiment to determine the matrix synthesis of human intervertebral disc (IVD) cell to adenovirus-mediated therapeutic gene transfer.

Objectives : To elucidate proteoglycan and collagen synthesis of human IVD cells in vitro to adenovirus-mediated transfer of cDNA of transforming growth factor-beta 1(TGF- 1).

Summary of Literature Review : Sophisticated method to delivery of growth factors, in continuous manner, is the genetic modification of disc cells through gene transfer. Confirming susceptibility of human IVD cell to adenovirus, anabolic response of human IVD cells to therapeutic gene transfer should be next step.

Materials and Methods : IVD tissue was obtained from fourteen patients with grade III, IV degeneration. Isolation and culture of disc cells were performed. Disc cells were treated with either Ad/TGF- 1 exogenous TGF- 1. Control cultures were treated with either saline or Ad/luciferase. Newly synthesized proteoglycans were assessed by ³⁵S-sulfate incorporation using chromatography on Sepadex G- 25 in PD-10 columns. Uptake of ³H proline was used to measure synthesis of collagen and noncollagen protein.

Results : Culture treated with Ad/TGF- 1 showed 3 fold increase in proteoglycan synthesis (p<0.05), culture with exogenous TGF- 1 failed to demonstrate increase in proteoglycan synthesis. In collagen and noncollagen synthesis, cultures with Ad/TGF- 1 and exogenous TGF- 1 showed similar 3.7 fold increase in collagen and 2.7 fold increase in noncollagen synthesis comparing control (p<0.05).

Conclusion : Adenovirus-mediated gene transfer appears to be an efficient technique for modulating biologic activity of human intervertebral disc cells in terms of matrix synthesis.

Key Words : Gene Transfer, Ad/TGF- 1, Proteoglycan, Collagen

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(, ,)
 가 ^{1,3)} 1)
 (type II collagen) (proteoglycan) 2
 (nucleus pulposus) ^{5,15)} , ,
⁶⁾ .
¹⁰⁾ grade III, IV
 가 14
 (transforming growth factor- 1, osteogenic protein-1, insulin like growth factor-1) Geys balanced salt solution(GBSS, GIBCO-BRL, Grand Island, NY) 20
^{23,29,30)} 가 ⁷⁾ .
 5% heat-inactivated fetal bovine serum(FBS, GIBCO-BRL, Grand Island, NY), 0.2% pronase(Calbiochem, La Jolla, CA), 0.004% deoxyribonuclease II type IV(DNase, Sigma, St. Louis, MO) Hams F-12 medium and Dulbeccos Modified Eagle Medium(F12/DMEM, GIBCO-BRL, Grand Island, NY) 37 60 . F12/DMEM pronase
⁹⁾ 가 0.02% collagenase type II(Sigma, St. Louis, MO) 2 37 12
²²⁾ transforming growth factor- 1(TGF- 1) 가 F12/DMEM nylon
 TGF- 1 (pore size 75 um) ¹⁷⁾ 5 × 10⁵
 가가 ²¹⁾ /ml 24 well plate(Falcon, Franklin Lakes, NJ)
^{19,20)} 가 . 10% FBS, 1% v/v penicillin, streptomycin, nystatin(all antibiotics from GIBCO-BRL, Grand Island, NY) F12/DMEM .
 (TGF- 1) 가 3 37 5% CO₂ .
 가 2)
 E1 E3 5
 . E1

luciferase TGF- 1 가 TGF- 1 (serum-
cytomagalovirus promo³⁵S 가
tor less medium, Newman-Tytell) 4 가
human embryonic kidney 293 cell^{18,25,31)} 8M guanidine hydrochloride, 20 mM EDTA
proteinase inhibitors 가
4 48
-TGF- 1(Ad/TGF- 1) -luciferase(Ad/luci-
ferase) Sephadex G-25M PD-10 column(Pharmacia Bio-
multiplicity of infection(MOI) MOI tech, Uppsala, Sweden) scintil-
plaque forming unit(PFU) . lation mixture(Ultima Gold, Packard, Meriden, CT) 가
PD-10 column
2, 3, 4 scintillation²⁾
3) GBSS
3 GBSS 가 37 60 가 가 TGF- 1
가 가 , 가 3H-proline(50 Ci/ml)(New
England Nuclear, Boston MA), 500ug/ml -aminopropioni-
100% trile(Sigma, St. Louis, MO), 50ug/ml L-ascorbic acid
(150MOI)¹⁹⁾ (serumless medium, Newman-Tytell)
150 MOI Ad/TGF- 1 24 3
TGF- 1
2 ng/ml 1 96 3H-
, 2 TGF- 1(2 ng/ml) , proline . collage-
3 Ad/luciferase , 4 nase(Worthington Biochemical, Freehold, NJ)
Ad/TGF- 1 50% trichloroacetate
4 4 60 12000 rpm
4) scintillation .
Luciferase
Firefly luciferase luminometer 6)
luciferase^{24,26)} . SPSS(SPSS Inc. Chicago IL)
One-way Analysis of variance Fisher's pro-
TGF- 1 tected LSD post-hoc test .
(TGF- 1) p<0.05
TGF- 1(R&D system, Minneapolis, MN)
TGF- 1 Enzyme
linked immunosorbent assay (R&D system, Min-
neapolis, MN) 1)
5) × 10⁶/g 10⁶/ml 4
3 Trypan blue exclu-
2

sion test 95~100%
90~95%
150MOI

2) TGF- 1

Ad/TGF- 1 18 4.5 ± 1.1 ng/ml TGF- 1 가
4 6.5 ± 1.4 ng/ml 가
(, Ad/luciferase)
0.05 ng/ml TGF- 1

3)

1 Ad/TGF- ()
가 (p<0.05, Fig. 1).
TGF- 1 가 (p=0.07).
Ad/luciferase
가 (p=0.63).

4)

Ad/TGF- 1 TGF- 1(2 ng/ml) 3.7
가 2.7 가
(p<0.05, Fig. 2). Ad/luciferase
가 (p=0.53).

15)

(TGF-
1 encoding gene)

가

10 MOI

25 MOI
(plateau) 300 MOI 가
(10MOI) 100%

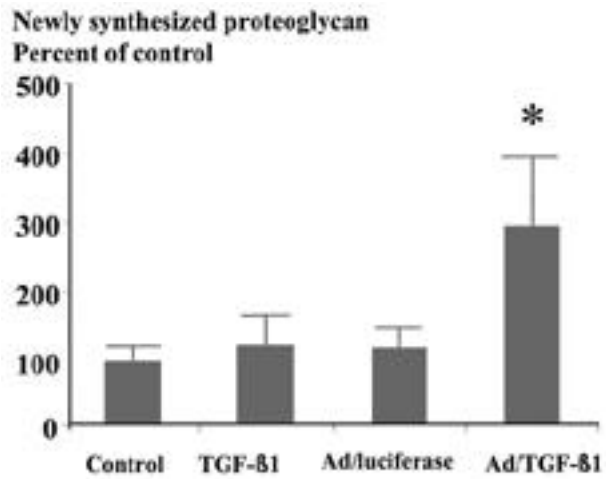


Fig. 1. Content of newly synthesized proteoglycan as assayed by incorporation of ³⁵S-sulfate. Human intervertebral disc cells transduced by adenovirus-TGF- 1 construct(150 MOI) showed 3 fold increase in newly synthesized proteoglycan compared to those treated with normal saline*(p<0.05), while culture treated by TGF- 1(2 ng/ml) showed no increase in newly synthesized proteoglycan compared to those treated with normal saline(p=0.07).

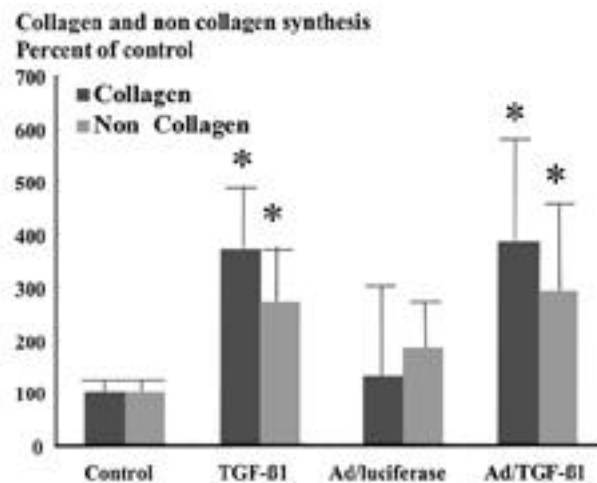


Fig. 2. Content of newly synthesized collagen and noncollagen as assayed by incorporation of ³H-proline. Human intervertebral disc cells transduced by adenovirus-TGF- 1 construct(150 MOI) and thoses treated by TGF- 1(2 ng/ml) showed 3.5 fold increase in collahen synthesis and 2.5 fold increase in noncollagen synthesis*(p<0.05).

(150 MOI)

가

가

가

가

가

TGF- 1 가 . Siegel ²⁷⁾
 TGF- 1
 son ³⁰⁾ . Thomp-
 TGF- 1
 가
 Gruber ¹²⁾ alginate gel
 3 TGF- 1 가

TGF- 1

TGF- 1가

가

가

(dedifferentiation)

3

TGF- 1

¹²⁻¹⁴⁾

TGF- 1

TGF- 1

가
 encoding gene
 TGF- 1

3 가

가

TGF- 1가

TGF-

1

가

가

가 luciferase

가

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 :
 : TGF- 1 14 Ad/TGF- 1
 TGF- 1 Ad/luciferase
 PD-10 column ³⁵S 가 Sephadex G-25M
³H-proline
 : Ad/TGF- 1 3 (p<0.05), TGF- 1
 , 가 , Ad/TGF- 1 TGF- 1
 3.7 2.7 가 (p<0.05).
 :
 : , Ad/TGF- 1, ,