

레티노인산 결핍에 의한 사람 중이점막 상피세포의 각화편평상피세포로의 분화

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Retinoic Acid Depletion Induces Keratinizing Squamous Differentiation in Human Middle Ear Epithelial Cell Culture

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ABSTRACT

Background and Objectives : The pathogenesis of cholesteatoma behind an intact tympanic membrane remains controversial. Squamous metaplasia of the middle ear mucosa is thought to be a possible mechanism in such cases. However, to date, no definitive experimental results have proved the association. This study was undertaken to investigate whether normal human middle ear epithelial (NHMEE) cells undergo keratinizing squamous differentiation in retinoic acid (RA)-deficient culture. **Materials and Method** : We examined the morphological differences between RA-deficient and RA-sufficient cultures, and determined the expressions of the mucin gene and cornifin- α mRNAs as indicators of mucous and squamous differentiation, respectively. **Results** : Histomorphologically, the NHMEE cells differentiated into a keratinizing squamous epithelium in RA-deficient culture. In addition, the expressions of mucin gene 5AC (*MUC5AC*) and *MUC8* mRNA were suppressed, and the expression of cornifin- α mRNA increased progressively as a function of differentiation in RA-deficient culture. **Conclusion** : Our study shows that RA depletion induces keratinizing squamous differentiation in NHMEE cell culture. (Korean J Otolaryngol 2003;46:464-8)

KEY WORDS : Middle ear · Cell culture · Cholesteatoma · Squamous differentiation · Retinoic acid.

(me-
taplasia theory)⁴⁾⁵⁾
(metaplastic change)
가 , 가
(squamous epithelial cell)가⁴⁾⁵⁾ ,
(retraction pocket
cholesteatoma), 가 .
(migration theory) (Retinoic acid ; RA)
¹⁻³⁾ 가 ⁶⁻⁹⁾
가 , A
가 ,
RA
⁷⁻⁹⁾ A
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(in vitro)

passage - 2 (Normal Human Middle Ear Epithelial cells;NHMEE cells)

10%

H & E

¹¹⁾¹²⁾ RA가
가

(Scanning electron microscopy ; SEM) 2.5% glutaraldehyde 4~6

0.1 M

. 1%

가

osmium tetroxide 2

RA

NHMEE cell

(H - 800, Hitachi, Japan)

RA가

RA가

Total RNA northern blot

(mucin) mRNA
cornifin - mRNA

Total RNA Tri - Reagent(Molecular Research Center, Cincinnati, OH)

. 10 µg RNA 1.4% agarose gel

, nylon membrane(Schleicher & Schuell, Keene, NH) Membrane

, uv - crosslink , 42 1

prehybridization . Prime - a - gene labeling kit (Promega, Madison,WIS) [³²P] deoxycytidine triphosphate(Dupont NEN, Wilmington, DE)

Air - Liquid interface

(RA)

(chemical labyrinthectomy)

6

4 18 1% Pronase

(type 14 protease, Sigma, St. Louis, MO)

cornifin - cDNA fragment(A generous gift from Dr. Jetten AM) - 2 microglobulin(- 2M)

50 ng radiolabeling

(fibroblasts)

(endothelial cells)

37 30

¹¹⁾¹²⁾

passage - 2 (1 × 10⁵ cells/well)

Transwell® (Costar, Cambridge, MA)

, 95% 5% CO₂ 7~

9 bronchial epithelial cell basal medium(BEEM)

Dulbecco 's modified Eagle 's medium(DMEM) 1 : 1 (confluence)

mRNAs reverse transcription (RT) - polymerase chain reaction(PCR)

MUC5AC *MUC8* mRNAs

⁹⁾

total RNA cDNA (reverse - transcribed) , Oligonucleotide primer

⁹⁾ Polymerase chain reaction(PCR) ethidium bromide

interface(ALI)

air - liquid (confluence)

2% agarose gels(FMC Byproducts, Rockland, ME)

, CSC(CheMiluminescences Detection Module ; Retest, Straubenhardt Germany)

. RA

bands

10⁻⁷M *all-trans* retinoic acid

(confluence)

7 , 14 , 21

RA NHMEE cells

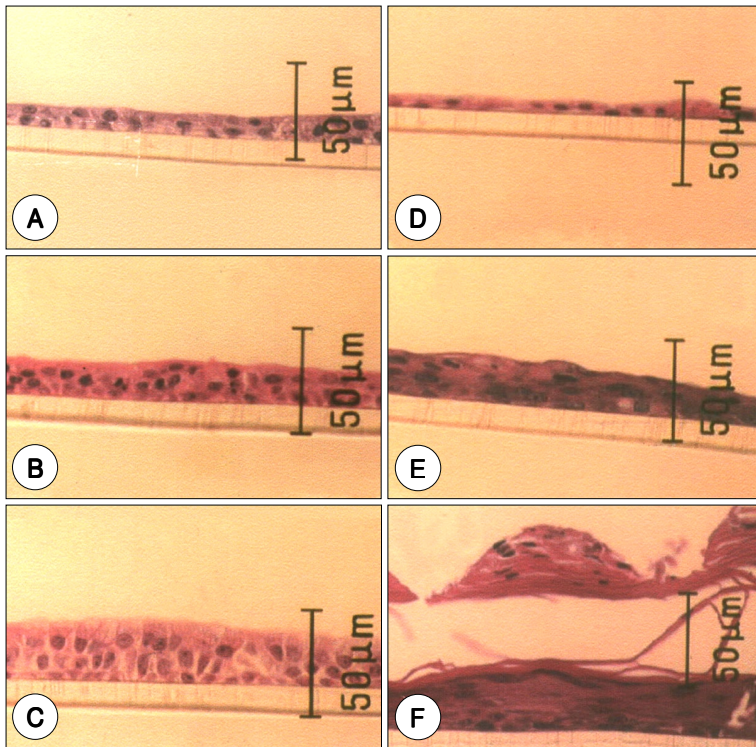


Fig. 1. The effect of retinoic acid (RA)-depletion on the morphology of normal human middle ear epithelial (NHMEE) cells. Cross-sections of intact culture were stained with hematoxylin and eosin. Cells were grown in the presence (A-C) or absence (D-F) of RA for 7 (A and D), 14 (B and E) and 21 (C and F) days after confluence. In the presence of RA, NHMEE cells gradually exhibited a well-organized, pseudostratified columnar epithelium. In the absence of RA, however, the cells formed a multi-layered, stratified squamous epithelium with multiple keratin layers.

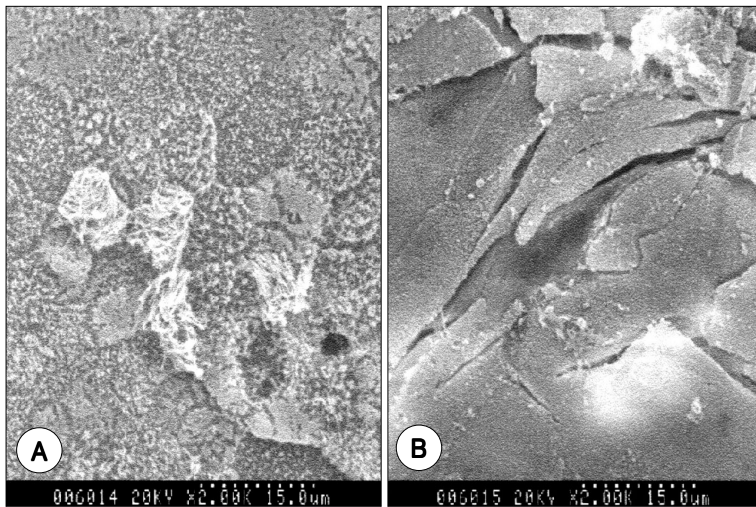


Fig. 2. SEM images of cultured cells on Day 21 after confluence in the presence (A) or absence (B) of retinoic acid.

가
(Fig. 1D), 14
(Fig. 1E). 21 (keratin
(Fig. 1F).
가
21
(Fig. 2B).
가
(Fig. 2A).
mRNA
7

RT-PCR
 MUC5AC
 MUC8
 가¹²⁾
 MUC5AC
 가
 MUC8
 가
 MUC5AC MUC8
 -2M
 (Fig. 3).
 가

Cornifin - mRNA
 conifin -
 northern
 blotting
 cornifin - mRNA
 가
 nifin - mRNA가
 가
 7
 cor-
 가
 2M
 (Fig. 4).

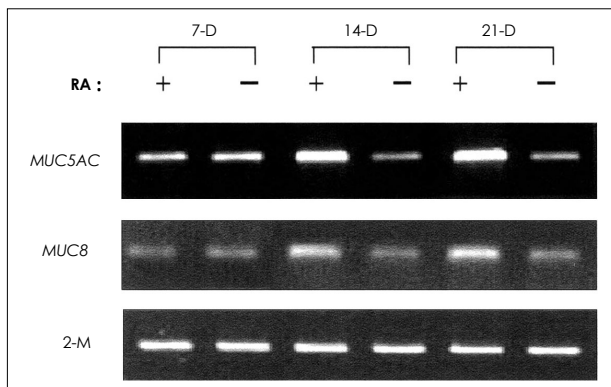


Fig. 3. Time course and retinoic acid (RA) dependence of mucin gene expression in normal human middle ear epithelial (NHMEE) cells. Total RNA was isolated from NHMEE cells in the presence (+RA) or absence (-RA) of RA, and analyzed by RT-PCR. Expression of control gene, -2M was not affected by the RA.

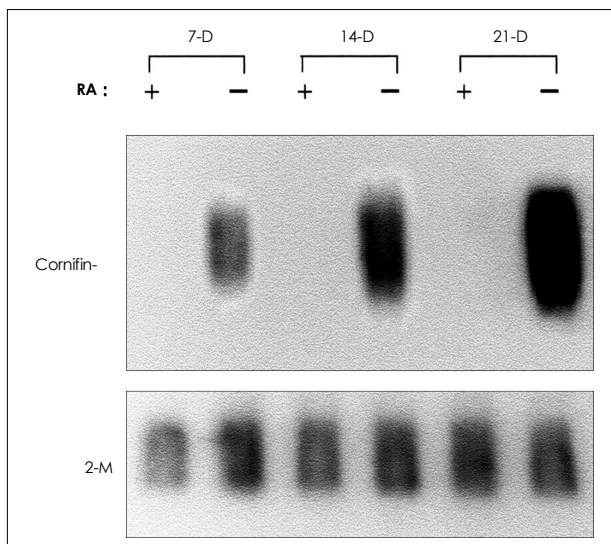


Fig. 4. Time course and retinoic acid (RA) dependence of cornifin- gene expression in normal human middle ear epithelial (NHMEE) cells. Total RNA was isolated from NHMEE cells in the presence (+RA) or absence (-RA) of RA, and analyzed by northern blot. Approximately 10 μg RNA was loaded per 3-mm lane. Expression of control gene, -2M (Lower panel) was unaffected by the RA.

가
 14 21
 가
 (MUC5AC MUC8)
 (cornifin -)
 9) 7)8)
 conifin -
 mRNA 5~7
 ()
 bovine pituitary
 extract
 (data not shown).
 bovine pituitary extract가

가
 4)5)10)
 가
 (In vivo)
 가
 (Parakeratosis)
 가
 가
 가
 가

(2002 - 02)

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