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Role of Activation of NF- B and AP-1 by Oxidative Stress in
 Atherosclerosis in Diabetic Patients

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- Abstract -

Background: The aim of this study was to evaluate the possible role of NF- B activation and AP-1 by oxidative stress in atherosclerosis in diabetic patients by measuring the carotid intima-media thickness, intracellular ROS generation and activation of transcription factors, including nuclear factor-kappa B (NF- B) and activator protein-1 (AP-1).

Methods: Sixty-six patients (28 males, 38 females; age 56.1±13.4 years; duration of diabetes 115.7±83.4 months) with type 2 diabetes mellitus (DM) were selected for this study. The DM patients included in this study were divided into those with a normal carotid intima-media thickness (Group II) and those with an increased intima-media thickness (Group III). 57 healthy controls matched for age and sex with the DM patients (Group I) were randomly selected. Dichlorodifluorescein (DCF)-sensitive intracellular ROS was measured by fluorescent spectrometry. The activities of NF- B and AP-1 in PBMCs were measured by an electrophoretic mobility shift assay.

Results: No differences were evident between the groups in terms of gender, age, BMI, blood pressure, total cholesterol, triglyceride, LDL-cholesterol and HDL-cholesterol. Spontaneous and H₂O₂ (or phorbol-12-myristate-13-acetate, PMA) stimulated ROS were significantly higher in the PBMCs from the DM patients

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with an increased intima-media thickness (Group III) than in those without (Group II), and were also higher in the control group (Group I). Moreover, the activities of NF- κ B and AP-1 were significantly higher in Group III than in Groups I or II.

Conclusion: The present study demonstrates that intracellular ROS generation, and NF- κ B and AP-1 activation in PBMCs strongly correlates with the carotid artery IMT. These clinical results suggest that increased oxidative stress in PBMCs may play a role in the pathogenesis of atherosclerosis in DM patients (*J Kor Diabetes Assoc* 28:255 ~ 264, 2004).

Key Words: NF- κ B, AP-1, Oxidative stress, Intima media thickness, Atherosclerosis, Diabetes mellitus

가 8) 10)

1)

가

가

B AP-1 가 NF-

NF- B AP-1

가가 2~7)

nuclear fac-

tor-kappa B (NF- B) activator protein-1 (AP-1)

가

1.

가

2 66

57 123

B-mode 가 ,

가 >2.0 mg/dL), (

7150 auto-analyzer (Tokyo, Japan)

, PPAR- activator, vitamin C, E,
-lipoic acid, AP-1 NF- B HDL- LDL-

Fridelwald

, HMG CoA

LDL- (mg/dL) = (mg/dL) -
[HDL- (mg/dL) + (mg/dL) / 5]

3)

2.

1)

가 (far wall) 가 10 mm, 10 mm

가 9) 757 (plaque)

(Group I)

가 (Digimatic (Mitutoyo CD-15B, Japan) B-mode

IMT , Group II) (Aloka Prosound SSD-5000, Tokyo, Japan) 7.5 MHz (Axial resolution: 0.2 mm)

가 가 (가 IMT , Group III)

가

2)

3.8% sodium citrate (9:1; vol/vol) Ficoll Paque Plus™ gradient (Pharmacia, Freiburg, Germany) 500×G 30 PBMC pH 7.4 phosphate buff-ered saline (PBS) 3 PBMC , PBMC , C-peptide, 5 mmol 5-(and-6)-chloromethyl-2', 7'-dichlorodihydrofluorescein diacetate (CM-H2DCFDA Hitachi

: Molecular Probes Inc., Eugene, OR, USA)
 PBMC (reactive oxygen species, ROS)
 (excitation, 488 nm; emission, 515-540 nm).
 가

H₂O₂ protein kinase C (PKC)
 phorbol-12-myristate-13-acetate (PMA)

5) NF- B AP-1
 PBMC

2 3,500 rpm 4
 , 4

[10 mmol/l HEPES, pH 7.9, 1.5 mmol/l MgCl₂,
 10 mol/l KCl, 1 mmol/l phenylmethylsulfonyl fluo-
 ride (PMSF)] . 10 µg /µL antipain leu-
 peptin 2.4 µg /µL aprotinin .
 Lysates 4 3,500 rpm , , ,
 4

(20 mmol/l HEPES,
 pH 7.9, 25% glycerol, 420 mmol/l NaCl, 1.5 mmol/l
 MgCl₂, and 0.2 mmol/l EDTA)
 4 30
 10,000G
 , -80

Electrophoretic mobility shift assay (EMSA)

NF- B oligonucleotides (5'-AGT TGA GGG
 GAG TTT CCC AGG C-3') AP-1 (C-jun) oligo-
 nucleotides (5'-CGC TTG ATG AGT CAG CCG
 GAA-3') Promega (Madison, WI)
 -32P-ATP T4 kinase (Stratagene, La Jolla,
 CA) Sephadex G-25 column
 (5~10µg) 32P-labeled oligonucleot-
 ide probe (20,000 cpm), 20
 [12 mmol/l HEPES (pH 7.9), 4 mmol/l
 Tris-HCl (pH 7.9), 60 mmol/l KCl, 1 mmol/l EDTA,

1 mmol/l dithiothreitol, 1 mmol/l PMSF, 12% glyc-
 erol, 5 µg of BSA, 2 µg of poly deoxyinosinic
 deoxycytidylic acid] . Protein-DNA
 4% native polyacrylamide gels 1 ×
 Tris-glycine buffer (pH 8.5) , supershift
 2 µg NF- B subunit
 , 4
 1 gel shift analysis
 . Gel PhosphorImager (Mole-
 cular Dynamics, San Jose, CA) Image
 Quant software (National Institutes of Health,
 Bethesda, MD)

3. ± .
 , , , ,
 , , HDL- , LDL-
 , ANOVA t-
 . SPSS for windows
 11.0 (SPSS Inc., Chicago, IL, USA) , p
 0.05 가

1. ,
 , 가
 . ' 가 IMT '
 ' , ' 가 IMT '
 가 .
 , HDL- LDL-
 가 ' ,
 IMT ' ' 가 IMT '
 , ,
 C-peptide
 . ' 가 IMT '

Table 1. Clinical and Biochemical Characteristics of Subjects

	Group I	Group II	Group III
N (male:female)	57 (25:32)	31 (15:16)	35 (13:22)
Age (year)	48.6±13.3	54.5±14.7	57.0±11.9
Body Mass Index (kg/m ²)	24.6±3.4	23.9±2.0	24.3±3.4
Systolic Blood Pressure (mmHg)	118.4±20.4	129.5±15.5	132.2±17.3*
Diastolic Blood Pressure (mmHg)	83.8±46.6	82.1±7.9	83.1±9.6
Fasting C-peptide (µg/L)	-	1.2±0.4	1.4±0.5
Fasting glucose (mmol/L)	5.12±0.72	10.39±4.49*	9.92±3.50*
Postprandial glucose (mmol/L)	6.34±1.16	14.57±9.16*	15.53±4.36*
HbA _{1c} (%)	-	10.8±2.5	10.5±2.9
Total cholestrerol (mmol/L)	5.09±0.80	5.21±1.61	5.10±1.44
Triglyceride (mmol/L)	1.96±1.06	2.55±1.25	2.44±0.99
HDL -cholestrerol (mmol/L)	1.26±0.36	1.24±0.44	1.15±0.37
LDL -cholestrerol (mmol/L)	3.18±0.66	3.11±0.88	3.14±1.13
Duration of diabetes (month)	-	95.1±84.0	136.4±82.3
Intima Media Thickness (mm)	0.56±0.01	0.68±0.02*	1.00±0.06*†

Values are the mean±SD except for the frequency data, *: p <0.05, compared to group I, †: p <0.05, compared to group II

Table 2. Spontaneous and H₂O₂⁻ or PMA Stimulated ROS in PBMCs of each Groups

	Group I (n=57)	Group II (n=31)	Group III (n=35)
Spontaneous ROS production (%)	40.9±2.2	59.8±2.1*	60.5±3.1*
Increment of H ₂ O ₂ induced ROS production (%)	8.9±3.8	12.4±2.2*	18.7±2.2*†
Increment of PMA induced ROS production (%)	12.6±2.8	20.1±2.4*	24.1±3.5*†

Values are the mean±SD, *: p <0.05, compared to group I, †: p <0.05, compared to group II

1.00±0.06 mm, ‘ IMT
 , 0.68±0.02 mm, ‘
 , 0.56±0.01 mm
 (Table 1).
 2. (Table 2).
 3. EMSA NF- B, AP-1
 (Competition
 assay)
 IMT , ‘ 가 IMT ,
 , ‘ IMT
 , ‘ 가 IMT , 가

Table 3. The Activities of NF- B and AP-1 in PBMCs of Each Groups

	Group I (n=57)	Group II (n=31)	Group III (n=35)
NF- B	1.00±0.13	1.04±0.11	2.64±0.68*†
AP-1	1.00±0.15	1.33±0.47*	1.79±0.25*†

Values are the mean±SD, *: p <0.05, compared to group I, †: p <0.05, compared to group II

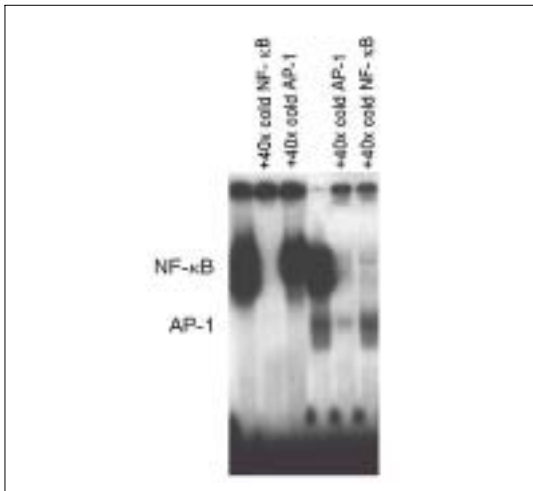


Fig. 1. Competition assay shows oligonucleotide for NF- B, AP-1 had the specificity of the complex formation

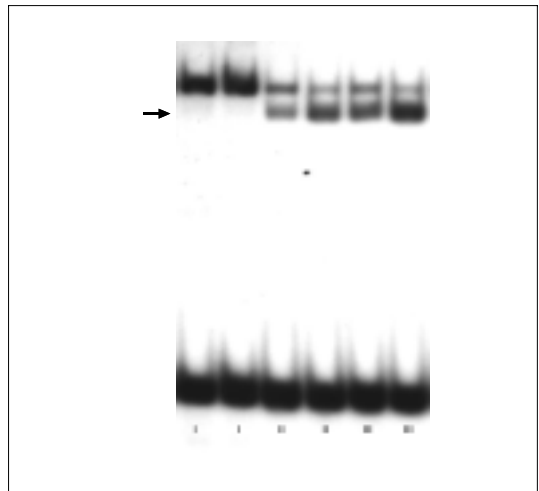


Fig. 3. Activation of AP-1 binding activity in PBMC. Group had a higher AP-1 activity compared with Group I. Group III had a higher AP-1 activity than Group I, II.

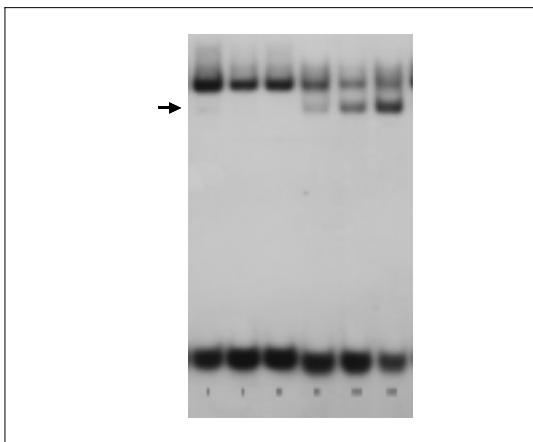


Fig. 2. Activation of NF- B binding activity in PBMC. Group had a similar NF- B activity compared with Group I. On the other hand, Group III had a higher NF- B activity than Group I, II.

competition assay , NF- B AP-1

(Fig. 1).

4. NF- B, AP-1

EMSA

NF- B ‘ , ‘
 IMT ‘ , 가 , AP-1
 ‘ IMT ‘ 가 IMT
 ‘ , ‘ , 가
 . ‘ 가 IMT ‘ IMT
 ‘ ‘ , NF- B AP-1
 가 (Table 3, Fig. 2, 3).

(RAGEs) NF- B

6,7)

가가

NF- B

가

11)

(enhancer element)

가 , , AIDS

17,18)

가 12,13), NF- B 1),

- (TNF-)²⁰⁾

가 가

21)

가 , nitric

oxide synthase (NOS)

22)

가 가 AP-1 (protooncogene family)

c-jun c-fos (homodimer)

(heterodimer) , (superoxi-

de), H₂O₂, (ultraviolet light), (

- radiation),

23-27)

(free radical)

(ROS signaling system)

NADPH 가 (superoxide

anion) AP-1 ,

14-16)

H₂O₂²⁸⁾, 2),

30)

31), H₂O₂³²⁾, 33) AP-1 DNA

가 H₂O₂

MCP-1 intracellular adhesion molecule-1 (ICAM-1)

promotor AP-1 binding eleme-

nt가 34,35)

가 AP-1

가 jun

1 (MCP-1) mRNA NF- B 가

가⁵⁾ 12)

(advanced glycation endproduct, AGE)

H₂O₂ PKC PMA 가
 ‘ 가 IMT ’ : 2 66 (28 , 38
 ‘ IMT ’ , 56.1±13.4 , 115.7±83.4
) 가
 , 57

· , H₂O₂ , NF- B AP-1
 (scavenger system)

가 , PMA 가
 PKC H₂O₂, PKC PMA
 가 ‘ 가 IMT ’
 가 IMT ‘ 가 IMT ’

A ‘ IMT ’ EMS ‘ IMT ’
 B ‘ ’ 가 , AP-1 NF- B AP-1 가
 ‘ ’ 가 : 가
 , ‘ 가 IMT ’ ‘ IMT ’ , NF- B AP-1
 ‘ ’ ‘ NF- B

AP-1 가 가
 가
 AP-1 NF- B 가 , 가

가 , PBMC , NF- 1. :
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:
 (intima-media thickness, IMT)
 NF- B AP-1 가 ,
 NF- B AP-1

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