

# 사람 중이점막상피세포에서 Uridine-5' Triphosphate에 의한 칼슘 이동과 점액분비에 미치는 카페인의 효과

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## Effect of Caffeine on UTP-induced $Ca^{2+}$ Mobilization and Mucin Secretion in Human Middle Ear Epithelial Cells

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### ABSTRACT

**Background and Objectives** : Purinergic receptors and their agonists like uridine-5-triphosphate (UTP) and adenosine triphosphate (ATP), regulate mucin secretion in middle ear epithelial cells. In the present study, we examined the effects of purinergic agonists on  $Ca^{2+}$  influx ( $[Ca^{2+}]_i$ ) in normal human middle ear epithelial (NHMEE) cells. We also examined the effect of caffeine, an inositol 1, 4, 5-triphosphate ( $IP_3$ ) inhibitor, on UTP induced  $[Ca^{2+}]_i$  and mucin secretion in NHMEE cells.

**Materials and Method** : NHMEE cells were stimulated with various purinergic agonists, such as UTP, and  $[Ca^{2+}]_i$  was measured using a miniature double perfusion chamber. UTP-induced mucin secretion was quantitated by immunoblotting assay.

**Results** : The determined order of purinergic agonist potency with respect to  $[Ca^{2+}]_i$  was ATP=UTP>2-MeSATP>ADP>> adenosine. UTP-induced mucin secretion was inhibited when the intracellular  $Ca^{2+}$  was removed with 2-bis (2-aminophenoxy) ethane-N, N, N', N'-tetraacetic acid-acetoxymethyl ester. Caffeine suppressed UTP-induced  $[Ca^{2+}]_i$ , and but inhibited UTP-induced and constitutional mucin secretion. **Conclusion** : Our results suggest that caffeine may have a therapeutic effect in mucoid otitis media by suppressing mucin secretion. (Korean J Otolaryngol 2006;49:263-8)

**KEY WORDS** : Mucin · Caffeine · Calcium.

가 . 4) UTP가  
 . 1) (exocytosis)  
 Uridine - 5' - triphosphate(UTP) adenosine triphosphate(ATP) 가 , 5)6)  
 . 2)3)  
 : 2005 5 17 / : 2005 12 1 7)8)  
 : , 120 - 752 134 가  
 : (02) 2228 - 3610 . : (02) 393 - 0580  
 E - mail : jhyoon@yumc.yonsei.ac.kr 2-3 mM 가 , 9)

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inositol - 1, 4, 5 - triphosphate(IP<sub>3</sub>)  
 , IP<sub>3</sub><sup>10)</sup> IP<sub>3</sub>  
 (stomach)<sup>11)</sup>  
 UTP  
 가 ,  
 (influx) ([Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub>)  
 UTP  
 가  
 UTP [Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub>  
 2 (passage - 2)  
 Transwell - clear culture inserts(Costar, Cambridge,  
 MA, USA) , bronchial epithelial cell basal medium  
 Dulbecco's modified Eagle's media containing all  
 supplements 1 : 1<sup>13)</sup>  
 confluent 7 5% CO<sub>2</sub>  
 apical medium  
 air - liquid interface가  
 가 , 1,  
 10, 20 40 mM  
 [Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub>  
 Fura - 2 - AM Molecular Probes(Eugene, OR, USA)  
 , UTP, ATP, UDP, 2 - methylthioa-  
 denosine, 2 - bis(2 - aminophenoxy) ethane - N, N, N'  
 N' - tetraacetic acid - acetoxymethyl ester(BAPTA -  
 AM) Sigma(St. Louis,  
 MO, USA) 140 NaCl, 5  
 KCl, 1 MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 1 CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 10 D - Glucose 10 HEPES  
 (pH7.4 with NaOH)

[Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub>  
 [Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub><sup>14)</sup>  
 3 μM fura - 2AM 30  
 Fura - 2 가 . Fura - 2가 가  
 Ussing chamber(AKI Institute, U of  
 Copenhagen, Denmark)  
 (2 mm  
 ) 가  
 가 37  
 가 (rate=3~5 ml/min)  
 . Fura - 2 350 nm 380 nm  
 (PTI, Delta Ram, Photon Techno-  
 logy International, NJ, USA), 350/380  
 . [Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub>  
 1  
 , UTP  
 P2Y<sub>2</sub>  
 , 24 4% paraformaldehyde  
 , sucrose  
 10 μM  
 , P2Y<sub>2</sub> primary rabbit antibody(1 :  
 500, Alomone Labs, Jerusalem, Israel) 20 μM  
 . 1  
 PBS 10 3  
 Fluorescein isothiocyanate(FITC) - conjugated  
 goat anti - rabbit immunoglobulin G secondary antibody  
 (1 : 200, Jackson Immunoresearch, PA, USA)  
 30 , PBS , 10 μM  
 glycerol  
 (high - performance cooled charge - coupled device  
 (CCD) imaging systems ; Apogee Instruments Inc)  
 antisense peptide  
 10 primary antibody

PBS  
 30  
 100  $\mu$ M UTP  
 BAPTA-AM(50  $\mu$ M)  
 UTP 10 가  
 40  
 3 2,500 r.p.m.  
 dot-blotting method  
 13)

$[Ca^{2+}]_i$   
 ( ).  $[Ca^{2+}]_i$  ATP가  
 가 , UTP, 2MeATP  
 adenosine P2Y<sub>2</sub>  
 UDP(100  $\mu$ M)  $[Ca^{2+}]_i$  P2Y<sub>6</sub>  
 (Fig. 1).

P2Y<sub>2</sub> localization  
 P2Y<sub>2</sub>

Anti-sense peptide  
 (Fig. 2).

2 (N) 2 3  
 Student's *t*-test  $p < 0.05$

UTP(100  $\mu$ M, 30 min)  
 438  $\pm$  6%  
 BAPTA-AM  
 176  $\pm$  9%  
 BAPTA-AM  
 73  $\pm$  1%  
 UTP  
 (Fig. 3).

$[Ca^{2+}]_i$   
 ATP(100  $\mu$ M) UTP(100  $\mu$ M)  
 $[Ca^{2+}]_i$  2MeATP  
 (100  $\mu$ M)  $[Ca^{2+}]_i$  adenosine(100  $\mu$ M)  
 (Fig. 1).

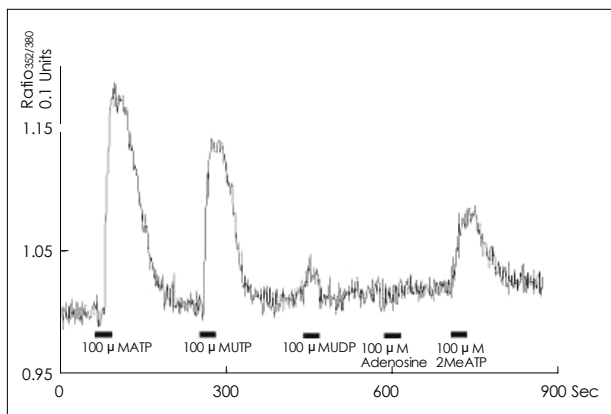


Fig. 1. Mobilization of intracellular Ca<sup>2+</sup> by purinergic agonists in cultured normal human middle ear epithelial cells.

UTP  
 UTP  $[Ca^{2+}]_i$

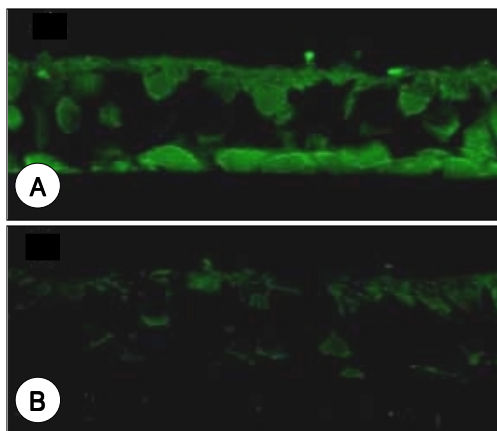
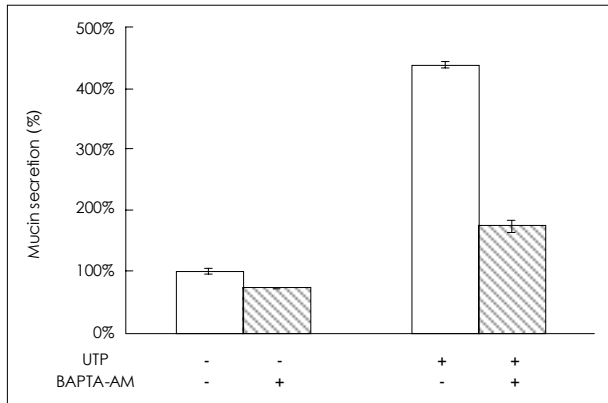
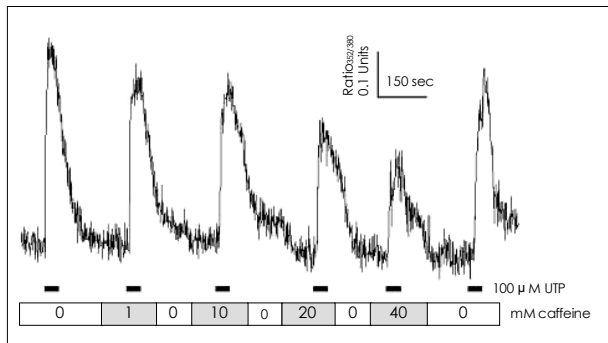


Fig. 2. Immunohistochemical analysis of normal human middle ear epithelial (NHMEE) cells using antibody against the P2Y<sub>2</sub> receptor. NHMEE cells showed positive immunofluorescent reactions in the apical and basal cell layers (A), whereas, negative controls, which were treated with anti-sense peptides, showed no immunoreactivity (B).

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**Fig. 3.** Effect of intracellular calcium depletion on mucin secretion in NHMEE cells. Intracellular  $Ca^{2+}$  was depleted by adding  $50 \mu M$  2-bis (2-aminophenoxy) ethane-N, N, N', N'-tetraacetic acid-acetoxymethyl ester. This treatment suppressed both UTP-induced mucin secretion and constitutonal mucin secretion.

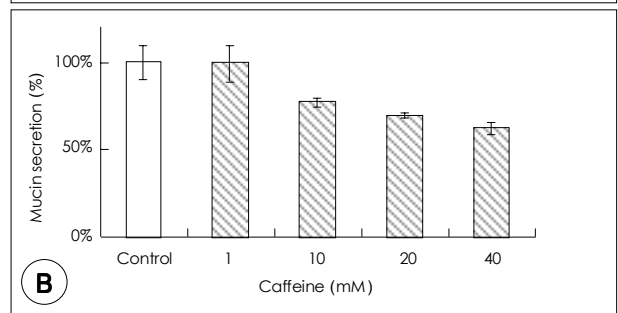
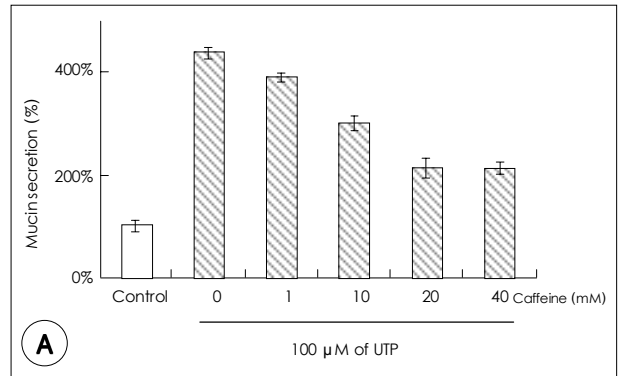


**Fig. 4.** Effect of caffeine on UTP-induced  $Ca^{2+}$  mobilization in NHMEE cells. Caffeine suppressed UTP-induced mucin  $Ca^{2+}$  influx in a dose-dependant manner.

[ $Ca^{2+}$ ]<sub>i</sub> 5 mM UTP  
 $83 \pm 3\%$   
 10 mM, 20 mM, 40 mM UTP  
 $70 \pm 4\%$ ,  $57 \pm 2\%$ ,  $43 \pm 2\%$   
 가 (Fig. 4).

UTP 가 [Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub>  
 UTP  
 . 100  $\mu M$  UTP

(  $437 \pm 12\%$  ) UTP  
 (1 mM 389  
 $\pm 9\%$ , 10 mM  $299 \pm 13\%$ , 20 mM  
 $212 \pm 2\%$ , 40 mM  $210 \pm 1\%$ )(Fig.  
 5A). 10 mM



**Fig. 5.** Effect of caffeine on mucin secretion in NHMEE cells. Caffeine suppressed UTP-induced mucin secretion in NHMEE cells in a dose-dependent manner (A). More than 10 mM of caffeine also suppressed constitutonal mucin secretion (B).

(1 mM  $99 \pm 10\%$ ,  
 10 mM  $77 \pm 2\%$ , 20 mM 70  
 $\pm 1\%$ , 40 mM  $62 \pm 3\%$ )(Fig. 5B).

P2Y<sub>2</sub>, P2Y<sub>4</sub>, P2Y<sub>6</sub>  
 uracil-sensitive receptors  
 mucociliary clearance <sup>2)(3)(16)</sup> P2Y<sub>2</sub>,  
 P2Y<sub>6</sub> mRNA 가 in vivo in vitro P2Y<sub>6</sub>  
<sup>4)</sup>  
 UDP가 [Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub> P2Y<sub>6</sub> [Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub>  
 P2Y<sub>6</sub>가 P2Y<sub>2</sub>  
<sup>16)</sup>  
 ATP가 가  
 UTP, 2MeATP, adenosine  
 P2Y<sub>2</sub>가 [Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub> <sup>15)</sup>  
 P2Y<sub>2</sub>  
<sup>2)</sup> <sup>3)</sup>  
<sup>17)</sup> P2Y<sub>2</sub> 가

P2Y<sub>2</sub>가 [Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub>가 UTP가 PLC, Phosphatidylinositol 4, 5 - P<sub>2</sub>(PIP<sub>2</sub>) diacylglycerol(DAG) IP<sub>3</sub>가 IP<sub>3</sub>가 protein kinase C, DAG protein kinase C, BAPTA - AM UTP가 UTP가 UTP가 ryanodine, IP<sub>3</sub> (endo-plasmic reticulum) IP<sub>3</sub> UTP [Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub>가 IP<sub>3</sub>가 UTP가 BAPTA - AM UTP, P2Y<sub>2</sub>, [Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub>

UTP [Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub> UTP  
 :  
 2003 (KRF - 2003 - 003 - E00144).

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