

2001 6

_____ 印

_____ 印

_____ 印

가

가

가

2001 6

.....

- 1
 - 1. 1
 - 2. 5

- 6
 - 1. 6
 - 2. 8

- 18
 - 1. 18
 - 2. 18
 - 3. 18
 - 4. 20
 - 5. 21

- 22
 - 1. 22
 - 2. 25

1)	.....	25
2)	.....	26
3)	.....	27
4)	.....	28
3.	.....	30
1)	.....	30
2)	.....	31
3)	, ,	33
4)	.....	35
5)	,	37
4.	.....	39
1)	.....	39
2)	.....	41
.	.....	43
1.	.....	43
2.	.....	45
1)	.....	45
2)	.....	47
3)	.....	49
4)	.....	52

.	.....	54
	.....	59
< 1>	.....	65
< 2>	.....	66
< 3>	.....	68
< 4>	.....	70
ABSTRACT	.....	78

< 1>	.....	15
< 2>	.....	24
< 3>	.....	26
< 4>	.....	27
< 5>	.....	28
< 6>	.....	29
< 7>	.....	31
< 8>	.....	32
< 9>	, ,	34
< 10>	.....	36
< 11>	,	38
< 12>	.....	40
< 13>	.....	42

9 250 ,
 115 , 2001 3 19 2001 3 31
 12 .
 7 , 29 , 36
 72 .

χ^2 -test stepwise logistic regression .

1. , 가
 ($\chi^2=49.012$, $p=0.000$), ($\chi^2=36.076$, $p=0.000$), ($\chi^2=30.845$, $p=0.000$)가
 ($\chi^2=7.490$, $p=0.006$) 가 .
2. , 가
 ($\chi^2=29.566$, $p=0.000$), ($\chi^2=6.472$, $p=0.011$) ,
 ($\chi^2=21.671$, $p=0.000$) 가 .
3. , 가 ($\chi^2=86.383$, $p=0.000$), ($\chi^2=14.137$, $p=0.000$), ($\chi^2=81.948$, $p=0.000$),

$(\chi^2=23.282, p=0.000)$, $(\chi^2=4.665, p=0.031)$,
 $(\chi^2=11.136, p=0.001)$, $(\chi^2=4.522, p=0.033)$, $(\chi^2=16.938, p=0.000)$ 가
 $(\chi^2=19.482, p=0.000)$, $(\chi^2=16.416, p=0.000)$, $(\chi^2=10.116, p=0.001)$ 가

4. stepwise logistic regression 가 (O.R=28.131, p=0.000), (O.R=10.439, p=0.000), (O.R=3.462, p=0.000), (O.R=2.938, p=0.004), (O.R=2.662, p=0.010)가 , (O.R=0.209, p=0.001), (O.R=0.285, p=0.009) 가

가

•

1.

가 (, 1983).

(, 1995)

(, 1985)

(, 1998)

(, 1990)

가,
20%

(, 1995)

(,

1990), 89.5%가
(, 1989), 73.7%가
, 38.4% 가 (, 1996) .
74%가 , .
(, 1986), 1994 1996
(, 1998)
, ,
, , ,
.
가 ,
13.02%, 4.84%가 가 3 가
, , ,
(, 1986).
가 ,
가 가 가 (, 2000)
, , , ,
, , 가
, , ,
(, 1989).

1999).

가가

가

(,

(, 1999)

(, 1995).

가

가

Duffy(1988)

(, 1985; , 1997), (, 1986; , 1989;
, 1990; , 1996), (, 1989; , 1995),
(, 1995), (, 1997; , 1997; ,
1998; , 2000)

,
,

가 .

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2.

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1)

, ,

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2)

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•

1.

, ,
 ,
 ,
 가
 , (,
 2000).

20 60 , ,

20 30
 가

(1992)

, 24 22.9%
 25 34 28.6%, 35 44 44.6%, 45 54 59.4%, 55
 69.9%

(,1994).

1994

1986 10000 35.7 14.8

1986 가 .

가

. 25%,
가 , 35 55

10% , , , , ,

5 20

(,1990).

, ,
3

(,1993).

(Belloc, Breslow, 1972; Wiley,

Comacho, 1980).

, , , , ,
(, 1997).

, , .
(,1990)

(,1989).

(Alma, Lemir, 1965).

,

2

2

.

,

.

2.

,

.

가

가

(, 1996).

(1985)

가

,

가

,

,

.

,

가

(1986)

가

.

10.46%,

10.75%가

(28.79%),

(27.08%),

42.70% 31.14%
 73.84% , (37.72%),
 (30.60%), (18.33%), (7.83%), (5.52%)

1992 1994
 1994

가

(1996)

5.88

가

가

가

30, 40 가 1992

69.23%, 1993

84.21%, 1994

62.06% . 1994

44.89%,

1

61.28% ,

가 38.35%

(1997)

가

가

가 , 가
가 ,
가 ,
가 ,
55.9% .
(1997)
가 가
.
.
.
(1997)
가 가
 ,
 ,
 .
가 ,
가 .
(1998) , ,

, 가
42%
(2000)

31.3%
< 1>

가

< 1 >

()			
(1985)	110	:	가 .
(1989)	827	:	89.5%가 , 98.4%가 : 89.5%가 .
(1989)	475	:	가 , , , , . , , : . 16 20 . , , .

< 1-1 >

()			
(1990)	433	:	.
(1995)	520	:	, , , 가 , 가 . , , , 가 .
(1995)	562	:	「 」가 47.87% , 「 」 44.48%, 「 」 43.77% . 「 」 49.11% , 37.72%, 30.60% . 54.44% .

< 1-2 >

()			
(1997)	365	가 가	가 , , , (55.9%).
(1997)	399	가 가	가 가
(1997)	137	가 가	가 가 .
(1998)	826	가 가	가 , , (42%).
(2000)	280	가 가	, , (31.3%).

•

1.

(descriptive study) .

2.

(Target Population) ,

(convenient sampling)

9

365 .

3.

(1996)

(2000)가

1998 「 . 」 -

(20)

가

1

7 , 29 , 36

72

< 4>.

1)

, , , 7 .

2)

1 , 1 , 2 ,
2 , 2 , 7 ,
3 , 가 7 , 1 , 1
, 1 , 1 .

Quetlet Index (/ ()²) 19.9

, 20.0-24.9 , 25.0

(,1992).

, , 139mmHg ,
89mmHg 230mg/ dl , 70 110mg/ dl

·
, , , 4
·

3)

「 · 」
2 , 4 , 3 , 5 ,
1 , 7 , 2 , 6 , 2 ,
4
, , , , , 4
·

4.

2001 3 19 2001 3 31
12 ,
· 9
400 372 가 93%
7 365
· 10
·

5.

SPSS for windows 10.0

.

1)

,

,

2)

.

²- test

.

,

,

3)

stepwise logistic regression

.

•

1.

가 68.5% 31.5% .
40-49 가 46.0%, 36.5% 가
, 40 가 75.6%, 가 46.1%
.
(p=0.000).
34.4%, 32.8%,
16.4%, 16.4% , 33.9%,
24.3%, 20.9%, 20.9% ,
(p=0.000).
15-19 24.4%,
15-19 26.1% , 가 ,
(p=0.000).
가 43.2%, 52.2% 가
가 71.3% 61.6%
(p=0.045).
94.4%, 74.8% .
,

95.2% 75.7% ,
 (p=0.000).
 가
 55.2% , 70.4% 가
 . ,
 가 72.2% 57.2%
 , (p=0.006) < 2 > .

	n(%)	n(%)	²	p
20 - 29	8(3.2)	25(21.7)	49.012	0.000
30 - 39	53(21.2)	37(32.2)		
40 - 49	115(46.0)	42(36.5)		
50	74(29.6)	11(9.6)		
	82(32.8)	24(20.9)	18.315	0.000
	86(34.4)	28(24.3)		
	41(16.4)	39(33.9)		
	41(16.4)	24(20.9)		
5	17(6.8)	27(23.5)	36.076	0.000
5 - 9	23(9.2)	19(16.5)		
10-14	36(14.4)	16(13.9)		
15-19	61(24.4)	30(26.1)		
20-24	46(18.4)	12(10.4)		
25-29	40(16.0)	7(6.1)		
30	27(10.8)	4(3.5)		
	108(43.2)	60(52.2)	3.246	0.045
	30(12.0)	14(12.2)		
	16(6.4)	8(7.0)		
	92(36.8)	33(28.7)		
	4(1.6)	0(0.0)		
	12(4.8)	28(24.3)	30.845	0.000
	236(94.4)	86(74.8)		
	1(0.4)	0(0.0)		
	1(0.4)	1(0.9)		
	3(1.2)	2(1.7)	7.490	0.006
	104(41.6)	30(26.1)		
	138(55.2)	81(70.4)		
	5(2.0)	2(1.7)		

2.

1)

가
BMI(Body Mass Index-kg/ m) 20 ,
20-25.00 , 25.01 .
59.2%, 34.8%, 6.0% ,
55.7%, 36.5%, 7.8% ,
가 34.8%
7.8% , (p=0.000).
1 가 가 38.3%
27.2% , (p=0.033).
가 가 3.33kg
, 2.73kg , 3.46kg,
3.50kg .
1
77.1% 가 11.5%,
7.2% , 50%, 27.1%, 20%
< 3>.

< 3>

(n=365)

		n (%)	n (%)	²	p
		±	±		
(BMI)	20	15(6.0)	42(36.5)	29.566	0.000
	20-25.00	148(59.2)	64(55.7)		
	25.01	87(34.8)	9(7.8)		
1	가	68(27.2)	44(38.3)	4.531	0.033
		3.33 ± 1.71	2.73 ± 1.72		
		3.46 ± 1.85	3.50 ± 3.97		
	.	182(72.8)	71(61.7)		
		128(77.1)	35(50.0)		
		19(11.5)	19(27.1)		
		12(7.2)	14(20.0)		
	7(4.2)	2(2.9)			

2)

가 16.8%, 7.0%가
 , 가 18.4%,
 25.2%가 , 가
 5.2%, 2.6%가 .
 14.0%, 25.2%가 ,
 26.4%, 38.3%가
 < 4>.

< 4>

(n=365)

	n (%)	n (%)	²	p
	20(8.0)	29(25.2)	1.815	0.174
	183(73.2)	71(61.7)		
	42(16.8)	8(7.0)		
	5(2.0)	7(6.1)		
	12(4.8)	4(3.5)	1.202	0.273
	157(62.8)	67(58.3)		
	46(18.4)	15(13.0)		
	35(14.0)	29(25.2)		
	3(1.2)	1(0.9)	2.994	0.084
	168(67.2)	67(58.3)		
	13(5.2)	3(2.6)		
	66(26.4)	44(38.3)		

3)

15.6%,
 8.0%, 6.8%, 4.8% ,
 13.9%, 6.1% , 가 , ,
 . 4.0% ,
 , , 8.7% ,
 , .
 (p=0.011).
 가
 79.6%, 77.4% < 5>.

< 5>

(n=365)

	n (%)	n (%)	χ^2	p
	39(15.6)	7(6.1)	6.472	0.011
	20(8.0)	16(13.9)	3.098	0.078
	17(6.8)	1(0.9)	5.909	
	12(4.8)	1(0.9)	3.543	
	3(1.2)	1(0.9)	0.079	
	3(1.2)	1(0.9)	0.079	
	10(4.0)	10(8.7)	3.353	
	199(79.6)	89(77.4)	0.231	0.631
	51(20.4)	26(22.6)		

4)

가 53.2%, 12.4%
 가 65.6% , 가
 53.9%, 13.0% 가
 66.9% .
 가 38.8%, 2.8%
 45.2%, 13.2%가
 , 가 62.6%, 5.2% ,
 32.2% 가 2
 가 .
 , 41.6%, 67.8%
 가 , (p=0.000).

19.2%,
 2.4% , 24.3%,
 3.5% , 가 .
 8.0% 가 77.2% ,
 66.1%, 3.5%
 가 69.6% , 가 < 6>.

< 6>		(n=365)			
		n(%)	n(%)	χ^2	p
가		8(3.2)	8(7.0)	0.065	0.799
		78(31.2)	30(26.1)		
		133(53.2)	62(53.9)		
		31(12.4)	15(13.0)		
가		33(13.2)	0(0.0)	21.671	0.000
		113(45.2)	37(32.2)		
		97(38.8)	72(62.6)		
		7(2.8)	6(5.2)		
		43(17.2)	11(9.6)	1.695	0.193
		153(61.2)	72(62.6)		
		48(19.2)	28(24.3)		
		6(2.4)	4(3.5)		
		5(2.0)	1(0.9)	2.435	0.119
		52(20.8)	34(29.6)		
		173(69.2)	76(66.1)		
		20(8.0)	4(3.5)		

3.

1)

가 8.8% , 가 45.6%, 가 54.4% , 가 3.5%, 0.9% , 4.4% , , 54.4% 3.5% , (p=0.000). 가 41.6%, 40.0% , 81.6% , 가 58.3%, 5.2% , 63.5% , 81.6% 63.5% , (p=0.000). 1-5 52.4%, 6-10 22.8%, 16-20 8.7%, 21 8.3%, 11-15 7.8% , 1-5 88.1%, 6-10 8.5%, 11-15 3.4% . 1 가 64.0% 13.0% ,

(p=0.000).

1 1 3 43.8%, 3
 1-3 33.1%, 1 1-3 16.9%, 1 6.3% ,
 1 3 86.7%, 3 1-3 6.7%, 1 1-3 6.7%
 < 7>.

< 7> (n=365)

	n (%)	n (%)	²	p
	49(19.6)	110(95.7)	86.383	0.000
가	65(26.0)	1(0.9)		
	22(8.8)	4(3.5)		
	114(45.6)	0(0.0)		
	29(11.6)	40(34.8)	14.137	0.000
	17(6.8)	2(1.7)		
가	104(41.6)	67(58.3)		
	100(40.0)	6(5.2)		
	90(36.0)	100(87.0)	81.948	0.000
	160(64.0)	15(13.0)		

2)

가 46.4% 20.0%
 , (p=0.000).
 (가) 34.5%,
 가 31.9%, 가 19.0%, 14.7%
 , 가 39.1%, 가

30.4%, 17.4%, 13.0% .
 (가) 1 - 2
 44.8%, 3 - 4 5 37.1%, 가 9.5%, 8.6% ,
 3 - 4 5 47.8%, 1 - 2 34.7%, 가 17.4% .
 60 60.3%, 30-59 31.0%, 30 8.6%
 , 30-59 56.5%, 60 34.8%, 30 8.7%
 .
 () 24.1%, 19.8%,
 19.8%, 8.6%, 6.9%, 6.9%, 3.4%, 0.9%,
 0.9%, 0.9% , , ,
 . 30.4%, 17.4%, 13.0%,
 () 8.7%, 8.7%, 8.7%, 4.3%
 가 < 8>.

< 8> (n=365)

	n (%)	n (%)	²	p
	116(46.4)	23(20.0)	23.282	0.000
	134(53.6)	92(80.0)		
가	11(9.5)	4(17.4)		
1 - 2	52(44.8)	8(34.7)		
3 - 4 5	43(37.1)	11(47.8)		
	10(8.6)	0(0.0)		
30	10(8.6)	2(8.7)		
30-59	36(31.0)	13(56.5)		
60	70(60.3)	8(34.8)		

3) , ,

5.50-6 42.4%, 6.50-7 30.0%, 5
 14.8%, 8 12.8% , 5.50-6 35.7%, 6.50-7
 21.7%, 8 21.7%, 5 13.0% .
 30.8%, 7.2% ,
 28.7%, 13.0% .

가 91.3% , 70.4% ,

(p=0.000).

18.4%, 15.6%, 8.0%,
 6.4% , 53.9%, 32.8%,
 9.6%, 3.5%, 0.9%, 0.9%

가 ,
 (p< .05)< 9>.

< 9>				(n=365)	
		n(%)	n(%)	²	p
5		37(14.8)	15(13.0)	5.097	0.165
5.50-6		106(42.4)	41(35.7)		
6.50-7		75(30.0)	34(29.6)		
8		32(12.8)	25(21.7)		
		77(30.8)	33(28.7)	6.322	0.097
		148(59.2)	67(58.3)		
		18(7.2)	15(13.0)		
		7(2.8)	0(0.0)		
		10(4.0)	1(0.9)	19.428	0.000
가		64(25.6)	9(7.8)		
		176(70.4)	105(91.3)		
		46(18.4)	11(9.6)	4.665	0.031
		39(15.6)	4(3.5)	11.136	0.001
		20(8.0)	1(0.9)		
	·	16(6.4)	1(0.9)		
			37(32.8)		
			62(53.9)		

4)

60.9% , 가 72.0% ,
(p=0.033).
가 7.6% , 22.6% ,
(p=0.000).
42.6% 26.0%
(p=0.001) < 10 > .

	n(%)	n(%)	²	p
가	23(9.2)	14(12.2)	4.522	0.033
	47(18.8)	31(27.0)		
	180(72.0)	70(60.9)		
가	83(33.2)	12(10.4)	16.416	0.000
	148(59.2)	77(67.0)		
	19(7.6)	26(22.6)		
	46(18.4)	15(13.0)	2.967	0.227
	160(64.0)	84(73.0)		
	44(17.6)	16(13.9)		
	12(4.8)	7(6.1)	1.975	0.160
	88(35.2)	48(41.7)		
	127(50.8)	54(47.0)		
	23(9.2)	6(5.2)		
	4(1.6)	0(0.0)	2.591	0.107
	51(20.4)	17(14.8)		
	166(66.4)	83(72.2)		
	29(11.6)	15(13.0)		
	60(24.0)	27(23.5)	0.012	0.913
	190(76.0)	88(76.5)		
	65(26.0)	49(42.6)	10.116	0.001
	185(74.0)	66(57.4)		

5) ,

85.6%가 67.0%

(p=0.000).

63.6%,

21.0%, 13.6%, 1.9%

, 66.2%, 20.8%,

11.7%, 1.3% .

1 가 78.5%, 2-3

10.3%, 1 5.1%, 4-5 4.2%, 6 1.9% , 94.8%,

1 2.6%, 2-3 1.3%, 4-5 1.3% .

36.8%,

30.0%, 29.2%,

4.0% , 52.2%,

27.0%, 17.4%, 3.5% < 11>.

		n(%)	n(%)	χ^2	p
		136(54.4)	66(57.4)		
	(,)	2(0.8)	1(0.9)		
		64(25.6)	15(13.0)		
		40(16.0)	33(28.7)		
		8(3.2)	0(0.0)		
		84(33.6)	34(29.6)		
		91(36.4)	39(33.9)		
		75(30.0)	42(36.5)		
		214(85.6)	77(67.0)	16.938	0.000
		36(14.4)	38(33.0)		
		4(1.9)	1(1.3)	0.266	0.379
		29(13.6)	9(11.7)		
		45(21.0)	16(20.8)		
		136(63.6)	51(66.2)		
		168(78.5)	73(94.8)		
1	1	11(5.1)	2(2.6)		
	2-3	22(10.3)	1(1.3)		
	4-5	9(4.2)	1(1.3)		
	6	4(1.9)	0(0.0)		
		10(4.0)	4(3.5)	0.275	0.345
		73(29.2)	31(27.0)		
		75(30.0)	20(17.4)		
		92(36.8)	60(52.2)		

< 12>

1

0

1

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1

0

1

0

1

0

1

0

1

0

1

0

1

0

1

0

1

0

1

0

95 %		
3.337	28.131	(9.160 - 86.393)
2.346	10.439	(4.909 - 22.201)
1.242	3.462	(1.746 - 6.865)
-1.567	0.209	(0.084 - 0.517)
1.078	2.938	(1.422 - 6.069)
-1.257	0.285	(0.111 - 0.731)
0.979	2.662	(1.269 - 5.582)

•

1.

, , , , , ,
 , 2 ,
 , ,
 가 ,
 .
 9
 8 , 1 , 7 2
 . 1 가
 , 6 가 .
 가
 . 가
 , 가
 .
 (1996) (2000)
 가 1998 「

· 1 - (20)

가

,
가 . ,

가 .

.

9

가

(93%) ,

가

·

400	372	365
(1989) 827 ,	(1995) 562 ,	(1995) 520
(1989) 475 ,	(1990) 433 ,	(1997) 399 ,
(1997) 365 ,	(2000) 280 ,	(1997) 137 ,
		(1985) 110
		365

.

, ,

,

χ^2 - test

Stepwise Logistic Regression

가

가 가

2.

1)

가 68.5%, 가 31.5% , 2000

가 49.3%, 50.7%

, 2000

가 70.3%, 29.7%(, 2000)

가

(, 2000). 1998

40-49 가 46.0%, 36.5%

가 , 40 75.6%, 46.1% ,

가 . 1998

30-39 가 가 27.7%,

25.5% , 40 51.1%, 51.9%

.

42.0 , 40.0 , () 40.9 (

, 1998) , 42.8

가

.

95.2%

75.7% . Umberson(1992)

가

, Brown McCreeedy

가

.

(, 1999; , 1989; ,

1995; , 1998)

.

가 55.2% , 70.4%

가 .

가

가

(Millar et al., 1986; Jacobsen et al.,

1988)

2)

(BMI)

34.8%,

7.8%가

(BMI)

6.0%,

36.5%가

1995

2000)

2

98% · 86% · 73.6%,

93.9% · 74.8% ·

61.7% ,

. 1994

가

77.2%,

69.6%가

가

. 1998

46.7%,

38.9%가

. OECD, Health Data, 1998

66%,

58%,

50%,

43%,

79%,

75%, Health

Survey for England 1997

76%,

73%가

(Singer, 1976)

(2000),

(1995)

(1989)

(1997)

85.8%

3)

,
, (, 1998)
가 (Belloc.
Breslow, 1972).

70 가
,

. 가

(, 2000).

, , , , , 2
,

3.5% 54.4%

, 1998

6.7%, 67.6%

, 가

(1999) 53.7%,
(1999) 7.1%,
(1997) 41.1%
, 20 73.0%(, 1995),
67.8%(, 1996) .
30% (American cancer society, 1986) ,
, 가
(DHHS, 1979).
(, 1995).
63.5%,
13.0% , 81.6%, 64.0% 가
. 가
, . 1998
가 54.9%, 25.9%,
83.4%, 70.2% .
(1999) 81%,
(1999) 27.7%,
(1997) 74.1%

(1997).

, 가,

46.4%, 20.0%가 가

. 1998 33.6%, 19.8% ,

가 (1989),

(1990), (1997), (1998) ,

72.0% · 7.6% · 26.0%, 60.9% · 22.6% · 42.6% ,

가, 가 ,

가

, 1998).

66.4%, 70.4%, 71.3%, 91.3%가

, 1998 56.7%, 55.3%,

68.7%, 70.2%

가		가	
2	18.4%	15.6%	8.0%
6.4%			53.9%
32.8%	9.6%	3.5%	0.9%
			0.9%
. 1998		가	
		12.3%	11.1%
8.3%		7.3%	33.8%
9.7%	6.9%	5.3%	5.44%
	85.6%	67.0%	가
		84.6%	87.0%
		66.8%	69.6%

4)

p<0.05

Stepwise

Logistic Regression

가

,
가

,
($p < 0.05$).

1998

, 2

, , ,

,

.

, .

.

1. 68.5%, 31.5%
가 , 22 62 40 75.6%,
46.1% . 1 38 15-19
가 24.4%, 26.1%가 .
61.6%, 71.3%가 가 , 95.2%,
75.7%가 . 57.2%,
72.1%가 .

2. BMI 34.8%, 7.8%
가 , 6.0%, 36.5%가
.
. 15.6%, 6.1%가 .
65.6%, 67.0%, 41.6%,
67.8%, 21.6%, 27.8%가 .
77.2%, 69.6% .

3. 54.4%, 3.5% ,
81.6%, 63.5% , 64.0%,
13.0% . 66.4%, 60.9%가
, 46.4%, 20.0%가
가 .
4 9 7 87.2%,
78.3% . 72.0%, 60.9%

, 7.6%, 22.6% .
 26.0%, 42.6% .
 66.4%, 71.3%가 ,
 70.4%, 91.3%가 . 2
 , , , .
 , , , , , , .
 , , 가
 . 85.6%, 67.0%가 ,
 84.6%, 87.0%가 .
 66.8%, 69.6% .

4. χ^2 - test
 ($\chi^2=49.012$, $p=0.000$), ($\chi^2=18.315$, $p=0.000$),
 ($\chi^2=36.076$, $p=0.000$), ($\chi^2=3.246$, $p=0.045$), (χ^2
 $=30.845$, $p=0.000$), ($\chi^2=7.490$, $p=0.006$)
 가 .

5. χ^2 - test
 ($\chi^2=29.566$, $p=0.000$), ($\chi^2=6.472$, $p=0.011$), (χ^2
 $=21.671$, $p=0.000$) .

6. χ^2 - test
 ($\chi^2=86.383$, $p=0.000$), ($\chi^2=14.137$, $p=0.000$),
 ($\chi^2=81.948$, $p=0.000$), ($\chi^2=23.282$, $p=0.000$),
 ($\chi^2=19.482$, $p=0.000$), ($\chi^2=4.665$,
 $p=0.031$), ($\chi^2=11.136$, $p=0.001$), ($\chi^2=4.522$, $p=0.033$),

($\chi^2=16.416$, $p=0.000$), ($\chi^2=10.116$, $p=0.001$), ($\chi^2=16.938$, $p=0.000$)가

7. stepwise logistic regression 가

(O.R=28.131, $p=0.000$), (O.R=10.439, $p=0.000$),
(O.R=3.462, $p=0.000$), (O.R=2.938, $p=0.004$),
(O.R=2.662, $p=0.010$) , 가

(O.R=0.209, $p=0.001$), (O.R=0.285, $p=0.009$) .

가

가

2

가

가

1.

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2.

가
가 .

3.

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4.

가가

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1. , , . . , 1995
2. (1995). -
3. . , 2000
4. , , . . ,
1999
5. (1999).
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6. , . .
1998; 9(1)
7. (1994). ,
8. (1989). ,
9. (1985). 1 ,
10. .
1998; 7(1)
11. (2000). ,

12. (1990). :
- ,
13. . 1997;
10(1)
14. (1999).
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15. (1990). ,
16. (1997).
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17. . 1996; 9(1):
7-15
18. (1997).
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19. (1997).
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20. , 3 . 「 」 (1993 5 19 ,
p.15).
21. . - (20),
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22. (2000). - .
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23. (2000).

24. (1986). ,
25. .
1994; 3(1)
26. (1995). :
27. , .
1998; 12(1)
28. (2000). ,
29. (1990).
30. (1998), , p 26-30
31. (1996). ,
32. (1997). ,
33. (1990). ,
34. , . . , 1998
35. (1990). -

36. (2001).
37. 1998; 7(1)
38. (1989). :
39. (1983), ,
40. , 1983
41. (1996).
42. 1998; 9(1)
43. (1999).
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< 1>		(n=365)		
	n(%)	n(%)	²	p
20-29	8(3.2)	25(21.7)	49.012	0.000
30-39	53(21.2)	37(32.2)		
40-49	115(46.0)	42(36.5)		
50	74(29.6)	11(9.6)		
	82(32.8)	24(20.9)	18.315	0.000
	86(34.4)	28(24.3)		
	41(16.4)	39(33.9)		
	41(16.4)	24(20.9)		
5	17(6.8)	27(23.5)	36.076	0.000
5-9	23(9.2)	19(16.5)		
10-14	36(14.4)	16(13.9)		
15-19	61(24.4)	30(26.1)		
20-24	46(18.4)	12(10.4)		
25-29	40(16.0)	7(6.1)		
30	27(10.8)	4(3.5)		
	154(61.6)	82(71.3)			3.246	0.045
	96(38.4)	33(28.7)		
	12(4.8)	28(24.3)	30.845	0.000
	238(95.2)	87(75.7)		
	107(42.8)	32(27.8)	7.490	0.006
	143(57.2)	83(72.2)		

< 2>		(n=365)		
	n (%)	n (%)	²	p
	163(65.2)	106(92.2)	29.566	0.000
	87(34.8)	9(7.8)		
	68(27.2)	44(38.3)	4.531	0.033
	182(72.8)	71(61.7)		
	203(81.2)	100(87.0)	1.851	0.174
	47(18.8)	15(13.0)		
	169(67.6)	71(61.7)	1.202	0.273
	81(32.4)	44(38.3)		
	171(68.4)	68(59.1)	2.994	0.084
	79(31.6)	47(40.9)		
	3(1.2)	1(0.9)	0.079	0.625
	247(98.8)	114(99.1)		
	39(15.6)	7(6.1)	6.472	0.011
	211(84.4)	108(93.9)		
	12(4.8)	1(0.9)	3.543	0.060
	238(95.2)	114(99.1)		
	17(6.8)	1(0.9)	5.909	0.015
	233(93.2)	114(99.1)		
	20(8.0)	16(13.9)	3.098	0.078
	230(92.0)	99(86.1)		
	3(1.2)	1(0.9)	0.079	0.778
	247(98.8)	114(99.1)		
	10(4.0)	10(8.7)	3.353	0.067
	240(96.0)	105(91.3)		

< 2-1>		(n=365)		
	n (%)	n (%)	²	p
	199(79.6)	89 (77.4)	0.231	0.631
	51(20.4)	26(22.6)		
	86(34.4)	38(33.0)	0.065	0.799
	164(65.6)	77(67.0)		
	146(58.4)	37(32.2)	21.671	0.000
	104(41.6)	78(67.8)		
	196(78.4)	83(72.2)	1.695	0.193
	54(21.6)	32(27.8)		
	57(22.8)	35(30.4)	2.435	0.119
	193(77.2)	80(69.6)		

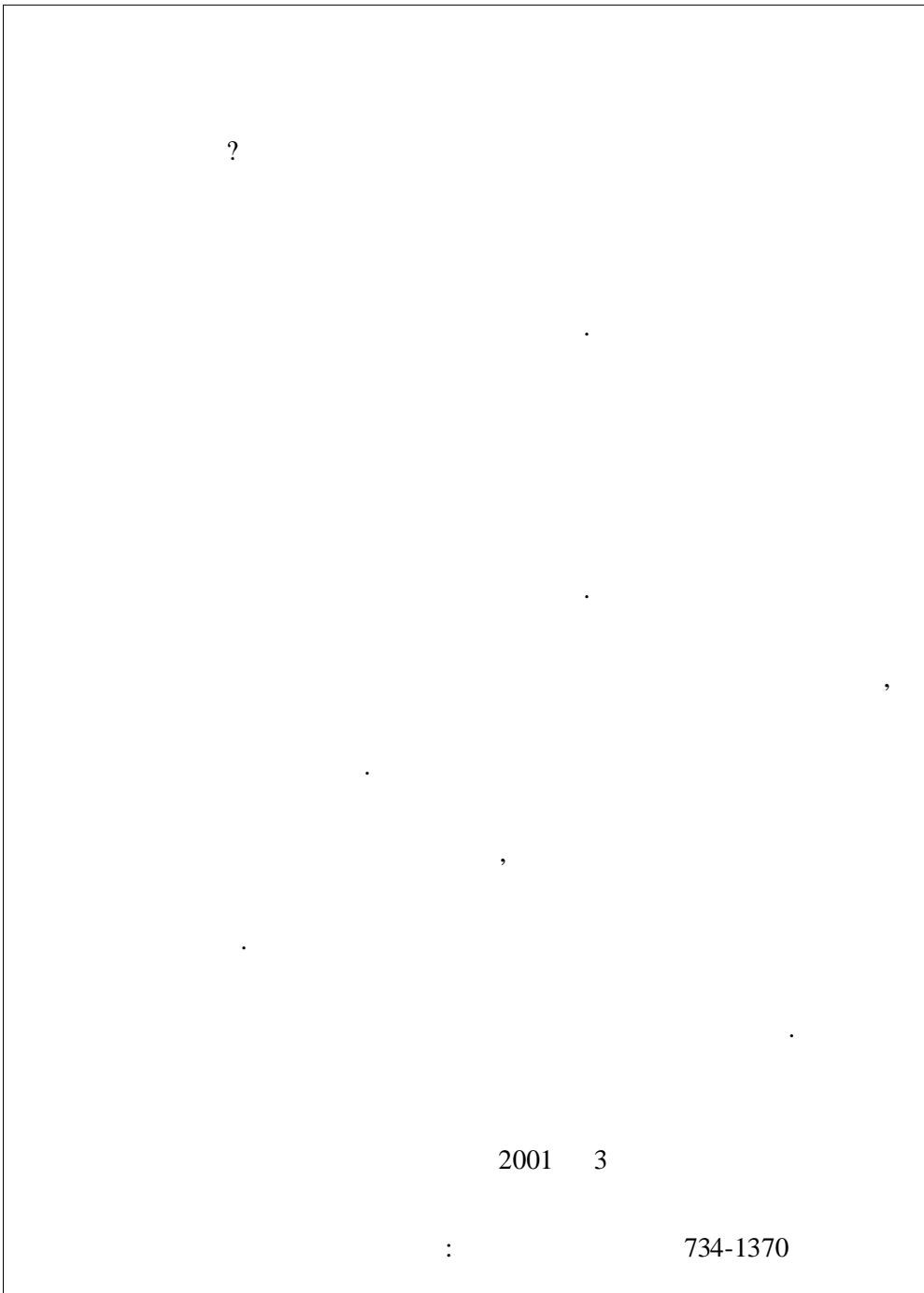
	n(%)	n(%)	²	p
	114(45.6)	111(96.5)	86.383	0.000
	136(54.4)	4(3.5)		
	46(18.4)	42(36.5)	14.137	0.000
	204(81.6)	73(63.5)		
	90(36.0)	100(87.0)	81.948	0.000
	160(64.0)	15(13.0)		
	116(46.4)	23(20.0)	23.282	0.000
	134(53.6)	92(80.0)		
5	37(14.8)	15(13.0)	5.097	0.165
5.50-6	106(42.4)	41(35.7)		
6.50-7	75(30.0)	34(29.6)		
8	32(12.8)	25(21.7)		
	77(30.8)	33(28.7)	6.322	0.097
	148(59.2)	67(58.3)		
	18(7.2)	15(13.0)		
	7(2.8)	0(0.0)		
	74(29.6)	10(8.7)	19.428	0.000
	176(70.4)	105(91.3)		
	46(18.4)	11(9.6)	4.665	0.031
	204(81.6)	104(90.4)		
	39(15.6)	4(3.5)	11.136	0.001
	211(84.4)	111(96.5)		
	20(8.0)	1(0.9)	7.386	0.007
	230(92.0)	114(99.1)		

< 3-1>

(n=365)

	n (%)	n (%)	²	p
.	16(6.4)	1(0.9)	5.425	0.020
	234(93.6)	114(99.1)		
	70(28.0)	45(39.1)	4.522	0.033
	180(72.0)	70(60.9)		
	231(92.4)	89(77.4)	16.416	0.000
	19(7.6)	26(22.6)		
	46(18.4)	15(13.0)	2.967	0.227
	160(64.0)	84(73.0)		
	44(17.6)	16(13.9)		
	100(40.0)	55(47.8)	1.975	0.160
	150(60.0)	60(52.2)		
	55(22.0)	17(14.8)	2.591	0.107
	195(78.0)	98(85.2)		
	60(24.0)	27(23.5)	0.012	0.913
	190(76.0)	88(76.5)		
	65(26.0)	49(42.6)	10.116	0.001
	185(74.0)	66(57.4)		
	214(85.6)	77(67.0)	16.938	0.000
	36(14.4)	38(33.0)		
1	33(15.4)	10(13.0)	0.266	0.379
	181(84.6)	67(87.0)		
	83(33.2)	35(30.4)	0.275	0.345
	167(66.8)	80(69.6)		

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8. 1 ?

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10. 가 ?

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(4) 3 — (5) 4 5 — (6) —

12. ? _____

13. ? (가

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19. ?
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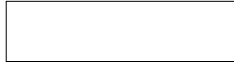
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31. _____ cm

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34. _____ ?

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37. _____ ?
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38. _____ 가
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39. _____ ?
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40. 1 _____ ?
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43. (1) — (2) —

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= ABSTRACT =

**Study on the Health Status and Health Behavior
between Male and Female Teachers**

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Graduate School of
Health Science and Management
Yonsei University

(Directed by Professor Chung Yul Lee, R.N., Ph. D)

This descriptive study was for providing basic information that can be useful in developing effective health promoting programs for teachers by finding out the difference in health status and health behavior between the selected male and female teachers.

The subjects for this study were 250 male and 115 female teachers obtained by a convenience sample from nine high schools located in Seoul.

Data were collected for twelve days from March 19 to March 31, 2001.

A questionnaire consisting of 72 questions was used as a research instrument. The questionnaire included 7 questions on socio - demographic characteristics, 29 questions on health status and 36

questions on health behavior.

Analysis of the data was done by use of descriptive statistics, χ^2 -test and stepwise logistic regression.

The results of this study are as follows :

1. According to the analytical results of socio-demographic characteristics between male and female teachers, age($\chi^2=49.012$, $p=0.000$), school teaching career($\chi^2=36.076$, $p=0.000$) and marriage rates($\chi^2=30.845$, $p=0.000$) of male teachers were higher than those of female teachers. Religion($\chi^2=3.246$, $p=0.045$) and perceived economic status($\chi^2=7.490$, $p=0.006$) of female teachers were higher than those of male teachers. There were significant differences.
2. According to the analytical results of health status between male and female teachers, obesity degree($\chi^2=29.566$, $p=0.000$), hypertension ($\chi^2=6.472$, $p=0.011$) of male teachers were higher than those of female teachers. Depression($\chi^2=21.671$, $p=0.000$) of female teachers were higher than that of male teachers. There were significant differences.
3. According to the analytical results of health behavior between male and female teachers, smoking($\chi^2=86.383$, $p=0.000$), drinking alcohol($\chi^2=14.137$, $p=0.000$), heavy drinking alcohol($\chi^2=81.948$, $p=0.000$), regular exercise($\chi^2=23.282$, $p=0.000$), gastric cancer examination($\chi^2=4.665$, $p=0.031$), liver cancer examination($\chi^2=11.136$, $p=0.001$), having breakfast($\chi^2=4.522$, $p=0.033$), driving($\chi^2=16.938$, $p=0.000$) of male

teachers were higher than those of female teachers. Brush teeth after dinner($\chi^2=19.482$, $p=0.000$), having snack($\chi^2=16.416$, $p=0.000$) and milk intake($\chi^2=10.116$, $p=0.001$) of female teachers were higher than those of male teachers. There were significant differences.

4. According to the stepwise logistic regression analysis results to determine predictable variables affecting health behavior between male and female teachers, smoking(O.R = 28.131, $p= 0.000$), heavy drinking alcohol(O.R=10.439, $p=0.000$), regular exercise(O.R=3.462, $p=0.000$), having breakfast(O.R=2.938, $p=0.004$) and driving(O.R=2.662, $p=0.010$) of male teachers were higher than those of female teachers. Brush teeth after dinner (O.R=0.209, $p=0.001$) and having snack (O.R=0.285, $p=0.009$) of female teachers were higher than those of male teachers. There were significant differences.

In conclusion, the results showed that the specific health promoting programs should be needed for male and female teachers because of differences in health behavior between male and female teachers. Based on these differences, it was revealed that smoking cessation program, programs of controlling alcohol consumption and dental hygiene program should be needed for male teachers, and exercise program, programs of improving cancer examination and programs of strengthening eating habit should be needed for female teachers.

Key word : male and female teachers, health status, health behavior